







Ecole Nationale Supérieure en Génie des Technologies Industrielles

# COURSE CATALOGUE First Year (L3, Sem. 5 and 6)

2023 - 2024



COLLEGE STEE SCIENCES ET TECHNOLOGIES POUR L'ÉNERGIE ET L'ENVIRONNEMENT









# GENERAL CHRONOLOGY Speciality Energetics and Process Engineering

Master II)	S10	Sept. Aug. Jul. Jun. May Apr.	Industrial Training 30 ECTS		MAE Training	al Contracts		
3rd Year (Master II) 	S	Mar. Feb. Jan. Dec. Nov. Oct.	Common Courses EN : SB or TEDDI ; Proc : PE or CPAO 30 ECTS	Mobilité académique		Professionnal Contracts		
		Sept. Aug. Jul. Jun.	Industrial or Research Training					
2nd Year (Master I)	S8	May Apr. Mar. Feb. Jan.	Common and Specialized Courses Energetics or Process Engineering 30 ECTS	Mobilité académique				
2nd Yea	S7	Dec. Nov. Oct. Sept.	Common and Specialized Courses Energetics or Process Engineering 30 ECTS					
		Aug. Jul. Jun.	Short Training		Master in Management (MAE)			
(Bachelor)	S6	May Apr. Mar. Feb. Jan.	Common and Specialized Courses Energetics or Process Engineering 30 ECTS		2			
1st Year (Bache S5		Dec. Nov Common Courses						
	-	-	CPGE BUT L3	-				

Course Catalogue







# GENERAL CHRONOLOGY Speciality Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

		Aug	
		Aug. Jul.	
			25 weeks in the company International
Ê	S10	Jun.	1 week in the academic center mobility
ter		May	
las		Apr.	
E I		Mar.	30 ECTS
3rd Year (Master II)		Feb.	15 weeks in the academic 252 h of face-to-face
grd	_	Jan.	center 46 h AP
	80 80	Dec.	11 weeks in the company 100 h Design project
		Nov.	
		Oct.	
		Sept.	30 ECTS
		Aug.	12 weeks in the company International
		Jul.	12 weeks in the company International 1 week in the academic center mobility
		Jun.	
<del>,</del>	8 S	Мау	
stei	S	Apr.	14 weeks in the academic center 318 h of face-to-face
(Ma		Mar.	9 weeks in the company 70 h AP
ar		Feb.	
2nd Year (Master I)		Jan.	30 ECTS
2nc		Dec.	11 weeks in
		Nov.	the academic 350 h of face-to-face center 20 h AP
	S7	Oct.	6 weeks in
		Sept.	30 ECTS
		Aug.	
		Jul.	12 weeks in the company 1 week in the academic center
		Jun.	
er)	G	May	
held	S6	Apr.	14 weeks in the academic 316 h of face-to-face
Bac		Mar.	center 20 h AP 9 weeks in the company
ar (l		Feb.	9 weeks in the company
1st Year (Bachelor)		Jan.	30 ECTS
1st		Dec.	11 weeks in
		Nov.	the academic 340 h of face-to-face
	S5	Oct.	center 30 h AP 6 weeks in
		Sept.	30 ECTS
			BUT L3 BTS







#### NOMENCLATURE

**UE** : Teaching unit **EC** : Constituent Element

CM : Lectures TD : Tutorials TP : Practical work Proj. : Project TA : Autonomous work

TC : Common Course

EN : Speciality « Energy »
 GP : Speciality « Process Engineering »
 GEII : Speciality « Electrical Engineering and Computer Science»

**EN SB** : Speciality « Energy » - Pathways (3A) « Smart Building » **EN TEDDI** : Speciality « Energy » - Pathways (3A) « Transition Énergétique et Développement Durable dans l'Industrie »

**GP PE** : Speciality « Process Engineering » – Pathways (3A) « Procédés pour l'Environnement » **GP CPAO** : Speciality « Process Engineering » – Pathways (3A) « Conception des Procédés assistée par Ordinateur »

GEII HT : Speciality « Electrical Engineering and Computer Science» - Pathways (3A) « Haute Tension »

# NOMENCLATURE FOR ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

Nature\_1 (Modality\_1) x Weighting\_factor\_1 + Nature\_2 (Modality\_2) x Weighting\_factor\_2 + ...

#### Assessment nature

CC: Continuous Assessment

Proj: Project

Sta: Work placement

- **TP: Practical Examination**
- CoE: Reading Comprehension (languages)
- CoO: Listening Comprehension (languages)
- ExE: Writing (languages)
- ExO: Speaking (languages)
- IntO: Oral Interaction (languages)
- Cert: Certificate of competency in languages
- EvaC: Skills assessment







#### **Assessment modalities**

- EE: Written examination (by default, if no information provided)
- EO: Oral examination
- EM: Engine examination
- ES: Surprise written examination
- PA: Active participation
- Sout: Oral defense
- Rap: Written report
- Prog: Computer program
- Tr: Work (within the framework of a work placement, a project or practical work)
- D: File
- CR: Report (within the framework of practical work)
- LA: Reading articles
- sd: no document is allowed (by default, if no information provided)
- da: documents are allowed (da: further details on the authorized documents)
- st: no smart object is allowed (mobile phones, smartwatches...) (by default, if no information

provided)

- ta: smart objects are allowed
- sc: no calculator is allowed (by default, if no information provided) ca: calculators are allowed

#### Operators

x/y: x or y

max(x, y): Maximum in several assessments

moyenne(x): Average of several assessments of the same kind and coefficient



#### Examples





# CC (EE, 2h)

A 2-hour written examination, no document allowed, no calculator allowed.

#### CC (EM, 2h, da:tutoriels) x 1/2 + CC (EE, 2h) x 1/2

A 2-hour engine examination, tutorials are allowed, coefficient 1/2 and a 2-hour written examination, no document allowed, no calculator allowed, coefficient 1/2

#### CC (ES, 15mn) x 1/10 + CC (EE, 2h, da:tous, ca) x 9/10

A 15-minute surprise examination, no document allowed, no calculator allowed, coefficient 1/10 and a 2-hour written examination, all documents allowed, calculator allowed, coefficient 9/10.

#### TP(EO, 10mn) x 1/4 + TP(EO, 10mn) x 1/4 + TP(CR) x 1/2

Practical work assessed by two oral examinations, each with a coefficient 1/4, and a practical work report, coefficient 1/2.

#### Proj (PA, Rap, Sout)

Project assessed by the active participation, a written report and an oral defense.

#### Sta (Tr, Rap, Sout

Work placement assessed by work, a written report and an oral defense.

#### CoE(PA) x 1/4 + CoO(PA) x 1/4 + ExE(EE, 1h) x 1/4 + Cert(TOEIC) x 1/4

Example for a foreign language: Reading comprehension assessed by the active participation, Listening comprehension assessed by the active participation, Writing assessed by a 1-hour written examination, no document allowed, Test of English (TOEIC). Same weighted grades for each assessment.







# Semestre 5

# LIST OF TEACHING UNITS (UE) OF THE SEMESTER

TC, Spe ou Path- ways	Code UE	Entitled UE	ECTS
TC	EC5LC	Languages - Engineering Culture S5	4
GP-EN	EC5MI	Mathematics - Computer Sciences S5	6
GP-EN	EC5TB	Thermodynamics – Balances S5	10
GP-EN	EC5TM	Transport Phenomena – Mechanics S5	10
GEII	EG5AP	Apprenticeship S5	5
GEII	EG5MI	Mathematics - Computer Sciences S5	6
GEII	EG5EL	Electronics S5	6
GEII	EG5CE	Electronic components S5	5
GEII	EG5SC	Signals and Circuits S5	4







# **Tronc Commun**

1st Year - Semester 5 - Commun Course													
UEName	C	ode	EC Name			Hours	(h)					ECTS/	Coef.
UEName	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	TA	Proj.	ECTSUE	Coef. EC
Languages - Engineering	Languages - Engineering EC5LC	EC5LC1	English	112	52	26	0	26	0	26	0	4	0.46
Culture S5	ECOLC	EC5LC2	Financial Management I	112	60	30	20	10	0	30	0	4	0.54
Total TC				112		56	20	36	0	56	0	4	







# TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Languages - Engineering Culture S5

ECTS:4

Code UE : EC5LC

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Preparing students for the Test of English for International Communication (TOEIC)
- Understanding the basic principles of accounting

# LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EC5LC1	English	0.46	IntO(PA)x1/8 +
			Cert(TOEIC)x3/8+ EvaC(EE,
			1h)x2/8 + CoO/CoE/ExE(EE,
			1h30)x2/8
EC5LC2	Financial Management I	0.54	CC(EE, 2h)







EC : English		EC5LC1	coeff : 0.46
Teacher In Charge	Grenier A-C.		
CM : 0 h	TD : 26 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Anglais

The focus of this class is to strengthen the students' methodology and skills in English to successfully pass the official TOEIC (Listening and Reading) Test of English for International Communication.

The TOEIC is correlated to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).

#### TARGET SKILLS

The student improves the technical skills and methodology required for the TOEIC test along with the acquisition of the specific vocabulary in order to pass the TOEIC with the highest score. The student can communicate in everyday workplace situations in a professional environment.

#### DESCRIPTION

The course is based on Business English and covers vocabulary and grammar useful for the business environment.

Reading, listening and speaking skills are improved through the study of authentic documents. Specific intensive training for the TOEIC test as well as mock exams.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Pearson: Tests complets pour le TOEIC, 6ème edition, 2018 Hachette: La BIBLE officielle du test TOEIC, 2018

Longman : Preparation series for the new TOEIC test, Advanced Course, 2007

#### REQUIREMENTS

Level intermediate to advanced (A1 to C2)

#### ASSESSMENT

IntO(PA)x1/8 + Cert(TOEIC)x3/8+ EvaC(EE, 1h)x2/8 + CoO/CoE/ExE(EE, 1h30)x2/8







EC : Financial Manageme	EC5LC2	coeff : 0.54	
Teacher In Charge : Toua	ſ.		
CM : 20 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The aim of the course is to introduce accounting documents for your future business and the language and notions you will have to understand such as: depreciations, budgetary accounting, income statements, balance sheets,...

The course is based on the understanding of notions and concepts you will both have to master and put into practice. It revolves around a classical working business on the French territory with operations like understanding of general accepted accounting principles.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Giving the students the opportunity to understand the situation and decisions of a company taking its economical, political and legal environment into account. Apprehend the great rules of financial management :

- master basic accounting principles
- register accounting operations
- be able to formulate and analyze the main synthesis documents

#### DESCRIPTION

Chapter 1 : Accounting principles

- Chapter 2 : Accounting documents
- Chapter 3 : Accounting methods and organisation
- Chapter 4 : Value added tax
- Chapter 5 : Purchases and sales operations
- Chapter 6 : Payments and receipts : the treasury
- Chapter 7 : Fixed asset management
- Chapter 8 : Inventory

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

"La comptabilité générale 2014-2015", F. Grandguillot et B. Grandguillot, Gualino, 2014

"Techniques comptables : DUT GEA 1ère et 2ème année ", P. Arnaudo et L. Cassio, Nathan, 2010







Exercices d'ouvrages généralistes de BTS CGO (éditions Nathan ou Foucher Plein Pot), de DUT GEA, de DCG chez DUNOD ou de Licence universitaire

# PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







# Tronc Commun GP et EN

1st Year - Semester 5 - Commun Course EN GP													
UE Name	С	ode	EC Name		Hours (h) ECTS / Coef.			Coef.					
UE Name	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TΡ	ΤA	Proj.	ECTSUE	Coef. EC
Mathematics - Computer	EC5MI	EC5MI1	Mathematics	166	72	42	6	36	0	30	0	6	0.47
Sciences S5	ECONI	EC5MI2	Programming (FORTRAN)	100	94	32	12	0	20	62	30	0	0.53
		EC5TB1	Introduction to Chemical Engineering		32	16	10	6	0	16	0		0.12
<del>.</del>	EC5TB	EC5TB2	General Thermodynamics		72	36	16	20	0	36	0		0.27
Thermodynamics – Balances S5		EC5TB3	Chemical Thermodynamics	270	60	30	16	14	0	30	0	10	0.22
Balances 55		EC5TB4	Heat and Mass Balances		36	18	6	12	0	18	0		0.13
		EC5TB5	Thermo/Balance Practicals		70	35	0	0	35	35	0		0.26
		EC5TM1	Introduction to Transport Phenomena		20	10	6	4	0	10	0		0.07
		EC5TM2	Heat Conduction I and Diffusion		60	30	14	16	0	30	0		0.22
Transport Phenomena – Mechanics S5	EC5TM	EC5TM3	Heat Transfer by Radiation	280	40	20	6	14	0	20	0	10	0.15
Wiechanics 55		EC5TM4	Continuum Mechanics		80	36	18	18	0	44	0		0.27
		EC5TM5	Transfer Practicals		80	40	0	0	40	40	0		0.29
Total TC	Total TC		716		345	110	140	95	371	30	26		
Tot TC + Spe (EN et	t GP)			828		401						30	







# TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Mathematics - Computer Sciences S5

ECTS:6

Code UE : EC5MI

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate proficiency in the use of mathematical methods of engineering practice
- Demonstrate proficiency in the use of a structured programming language (FORTRAN)

LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EC5MI1	Mathematics	0.47	CC(EE, 2h, sd, sc)
EC5MI2	Programming (FORTRAN)	0.53	Proj(Tr, Rap, Sout)







EC : Mathematics		EC5MI1	coeff : 0.47
Teacher In Charge : Laurer	nt S., Couture F.		
CM : 6 h	TD : 36 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This module presents the essential mathematical tools to treat the majority of fundamental physical phenomena.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

- master matrix calculation,
- be able to solve analytically linear systems,
- be able to evaluate simple, double, triple, curve and surface integrals,
- be able to handle gradient, divergence and rotational,
- be able to solve analytically differential equations,
- be able to integrate, derivate spatial tensor fields,
- be able to read and understand on a mathematical point of view heat and mass transport equations.

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I. Matrix calculation Matrix – Determinants – Resolution of linear systems – Matrix reduction.

Part II. Functions of several variables Definition – Differential calculation.

Part III. Integrals calculation Simple integrals – Double integrals – Triple integrals.







Part IV. Vector analysis Differential operators – Curve and surface integrals – Transformation formula.

Part V. Differential equations 1st order differential equations – 2nd order linear differential equations.

Part VI. Laplace transformation Generalised integrals – Laplace transformation of current functions – Convolution product – Dirac function.

Part VII. Algebra and tensor analysis

Algebra: definition of tensors and associated operations (tensor product and contracted product) in orthonormal Cartesian reference frame.

Analysis: Integration and derivation of tensor fields (vector, second and third order tensor), gradient, divergence, vector product, ...

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Mathématiques d'usage courant pour scientifiques et ingénieurs, Belorizky E., cahiers 128, Nathan

#### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h, sd, sc)







EC : Programming (FORT	EC5MI	2 coeff : 0.53	
Teacher In Charge : Serra	S.		
CM : 12 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 20	h Proj : 30 h
			Language Français

Basic knowledge on computers and programming are developped. Key concepts needed to write a code dedicated to scientific computing are given.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Masterize the basic concepts (OS commands, compilation, execution, files manipulation...)
- Conceive the architecture of a program
- Code a sequential program in Fortran

#### **DESCRIPTION** 1 Foreword

- 2 Data types3 Operators4 Intrinsic functions5 Algorithms6 Arrays
- 0 Allays
- 7 Sub-programs 8 Inputs – Outputs
- 9 Supplementary options
- 10 Useful information

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Numerical recipes in Fortran 77 : the art of scientific computing, W.H. Press et al, Cambridge University Press (1992) Fortran 95 Handbook, A. Brainerd et al., MIT Press (1997) Information technology – Programming Languages – Fortran – Part 1 : Base language, International Standard, ISO/IEC 1539-1 (1997) Programmer en Fortran 90 – Guide Complet, C. Delannoy, Edition Eyrolles (2000) Manuel Complet du Langage Fortran 90 et 95, P. Lignelet, Masson (1996) Cours Fortran 95, P. Corde et H. Delouis, IDRIS (2008)







Les apports de Fortran 2003, P. Corde et H. Delouis, IDRIS (2008)

# PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT Proj(Tr, Rap, Sout)







#### TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

#### Thermodynamics – Balances S5

ECTS : 10

Code UE : EC5TB

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate the ability to measure enthalpy, entropy and chemical potential of pure substances and mixtures
- Demonstrate the ability to formulate and to use the first and the second law of thermodynamics with or without any chemical reaction
- Demonstrate the ability to write and to solve dynamic steady-state mass and energy balances, on units (macroscopic balance) or processes (process dynamics)
- Demonstrate the ability to implement mass and energy balances notions in pilot plants while integrating an experimental perspective: measurement uncertainty, orders of magnitude...
- Demonstrate the ability to present results in a clear and relevant way

# LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION	
EC5TB1	Introduction to Chemical Engi-	0.12	CC(EE, 1h, sd, st)	
	neering			
EC5TB2	General Thermodynamics	0.27	CC(EE, 2h,ca)	
EC5TB3	Chemical Thermodynamics	0.22	CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)	
EC5TB4	Heat and Mass Balances	0.13	CC(EE, 2h, ca)	
EC5TB5	Thermo/Balance Practicals	0.26	moyenne(TP(CR))x1/2	+
			moyenne(TP(Tr, PA))x1/2	







EC : Introduction to Chemi	cal Engineering	ECS	5TB1	coeff : 0.12
Teacher In Charge : Ducousso M.				
CM : 10 h	TD : 6 h	TP	0 h	Proj:0h
			L	anguage Français

This course introduces the principles of chemical engineering. The concept of unit operation is illustrated by the presentation of several processes involving different classical unit operations. The principles of mass and energy balance are also given.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

The course does not aim to provide a specific knowledge but rather to indicate why and how the different courses will contribute during the next three years to provide the background for a chemical engineer. An overview of the common field between chemical engineering and energetic engineering is also given.

#### DESCRIPTION

•Definition and objectives of chemical/process engineering

•Example 1: oil/water emulsion, illustrated with the production of a mayonnaise, discussing the change in scale

•Example 2: chemical reaction in a reactor (chemical kinetics and thermal features)

•Notion of unit operation: mixing, reaction, separation

•Notion of time of residence

•Example 3: a process of thermodynamics separation - distillation

•Example 4: interfacial transfers illustrated by a process of gas cleaning, discussing the effect of specific area and the mass balance

- •Power and energy: units and orders of magnitude
- •Example 5: the production of wine
- •An overview of mechanical separation processes

•A discussion of balance sheets applied to different quantities : mass, momentum, energies, finance.

#### PREREQUISITE

Génie des procédés, ouvrage coordonné par A. Storck et G. Grevillot, Collection Tech & Doc, Lavoisier, 1993







# PRÉREQUIS

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 1h, sd, st)







EC : General Thermodynamics	mics	EC5TB2	coeff : 0.27
Teacher In Charge : Serin	I-P.		
CM : 16 h	TD : 20 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This course views and reviews the fundamental notions of thermodynamics necessary for the engineer.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

After the course students should:

- have some knowledge of the functions of thermodynamics
- apply the thermodynamics laws for balances of energy and entropy
- have some knowledge of the chemical or phase equilibrium laws
- have some knowledge of the phase transformations of pure substances

#### DESCRIPTION

To recall the main definitions in thermodynamics Description of a thermodynamic system. Characteristics and variables of states First and second laws of thermodynamics for multiphase systems

Differentials of the functions of states

General laws for the thermodynamical properties of solutions Applications of Perfect gases Thermodynamic paths and residuals functions Phase transformations of pure substances

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h,ca)







EC : Chemical Thermodyn	amics	EC5TB3	coeff : 0.22
Teacher In Charge : Laurer	nt S.		
CM : 16 h	TD : 14 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The role of chemical thermodynamics is to predict if a chemical system can evolve spontaneously and how it will evolve from the calculation of two fundamental state functions: energy and entropy.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- be able to evaluate the enthalpy, the entropy and the chemical potential of components of ideal or real chemical systems,
- be able to calculate standard and real reaction properties (energy, entropy, Gibbs energy, ...) in function of temperature, pressure and composition of the system,
- be able to evaluate energy and entropy changes in close systems where a chemical reaction takes place using 1st and 2nd principles of thermodynamics,
- be able to predict the evolution of a chemical reaction and to determine the final state of the system when the equilibrium is reached.

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I. Introduction State variables and functions – Chemical transformation – Reaction properties

Part II. First principle of thermodynamics Internal energy and enthalpy – Thermochemistry

Part III. Second and third principles Entropy – 2e principle – 3e principle – Change of entropy during a chemical reaction.

Part IV. Free enthalpy and chemical potential Free energy – Free enthalpy – Change of free enthalpy in closed systems without chemical reaction– Chemical potential.







Part V. Chemical equilibrium

Chemical reaction progress - Variance - Displacement of a chemical equilibrium state.

# BIBLIOGRAPHY

Thermodynamique chimique, Oturan M.A., Robert M., Collection Grenoble Sciences.

# PREREQUISITE

EC15TB2 Thermodynamique générale

ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







EC : Heat and Mass Balan	ces	EC5TB4	coeff : 0.13
Teacher In Charge : Socha	rd S.		
CM : 6 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

This course gives some tools in order to determine mass and energy balances on different chemical units.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

After this course, students should:

- be able to write a total or partial mass balance
- be able to write a balance on each specie on every ideal reactor
- be able to write an energy balance
- be able to determine the molar enthalpy of a stream with the suitable reference
- understand flow sheets for units in the chemical and petroleum industry
- be able to make and control mass balances on these units.
- be able to make and control energy balances on these units.

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I : Mass Balance

1)Introduction

a)Definitions

b)The law of conservation of mass c)Process classification

- 2) How to set up Mass balances on continuous industrial units in steady state
  - a)Notation
  - b) Characteristic quantities of a production
  - c) Equations for a mesh without reaction, degree of freedom analysis
  - d)Equations for mixing and splitting points, degree of freedom analysis
  - e)Equations for a mesh with reaction
    - Extent of reaction method







Molecular or component balance method Element or atomic balance method Degree of freedom analysis f)Method for solving material balance problems g)Solving strategy 3) Example : production of methanol

Partie II : Energy Balances

1)Introduction

- 2) Thermodynamics
  - a)First law
  - b)Forms of energy
  - c)First law in open systems
  - d)Molar enthalpy calculations
  - e)Reference states
- 3) How to set up Energy balances on industrial units
- 4) Example of an energy balance without reaction : isothermal absorption
- 5) Example of an energy balance with reaction : production of sulphuric acid

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chimie industrielle. Cours et problèmes résolus, Lefrançois B., Editions Lavoisier, Technique et documentation, 1995

Bilans matière et énergétique pour l'ingénierie chimique, Ghasem, henda, Editions De Boeck, 2012 Procédés de pétrochimie. Tome 1 Gaz de synthèse et ses dérivés (Le). Les grands intermédiaires hydrocarbonés, Chauvel A., Lefebvre G., Castex L., Editions TECHNIP, 1985

Procédés de pétrochimie. Tome 2 Grands intermédiaires oxygénés, chlorés et nitrés, Chauvel A., Lefebvre G., Castex L., Editions TECHNIP, 1986

Chimie industrielle (Tomes I et II), Perrin R., Scharff J.P., Editions Masson, 1993

#### PREREQUISITE

Introduction au génie des procédés Thermodynamique Générale

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h, ca)







EC : Thermo/Balance Prac	ticals	EC5TB5	coeff : 0.26
Teacher In Charge : Castér	an F.		
CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 35 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

In the practical ENSGTI laboratory, students have the opportunity to observe, by handling on labscale devices, the physical phenomena they have studied during the lectures. They check the corresponding physical laws including the heat and mass transfers quantification.

This practical work corresponds to the study of the various basic physical phenomena met in the process field.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course the students should :

- Be familiar with the main physical phenomena encountered in thermodynamic;
- Be able to analyse a real experiment (measurement uncertainties, order of magnitude);
- Know how to present clearly scientific relevant results.

#### DESCRIPTION

- Data analysis
- Critical point determination
- Distillations
- Evaporation
- Tubular heat exchanger
- Cooling tower
- (- Gas Phase Chromatography)

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

# PRÉREQUIS

ASSESSMENT moyenne(TP(CR))x1/2 + moyenne(TP(Tr, PA))x1/2







#### TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

#### Transport Phenomena – Mechanics S5

ECTS : 10

Code UE : EC5TM

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Understand the basic laws of transport phenomena (Fick's laws, Fourier's laws and Newton's laws) along with radiation
- Demonstrate the ability to formulate, on the microscopic scale, mass, energy and momentum balances and to know how to solve them, in simple cases
- Know the main dimensionless numbers
- Understand the basic knowledge in fluid mechanics on pilot plants while integrating an experimental perspective: measurement uncertainty, orders of magnitude...
- Demonstrate the ability to present results in a clear and relevant way

#### LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION	
EC5TM1	Introduction to Transport Phe-	0.07	CC(EE, 2h)	
	nomena			
EC5TM2	Heat Conduction I and Diffusion	0.22	CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)	
EC5TM3	Heat Transfer by Radiation	0.15	CC(EE,2h, sd, ca)	
EC5TM4	Continuum Mechanics	0.27	CC(EE, 2h)	
EC5TM5	Transfer Practicals	0.29	moyenne(TP(CR))x1/2	+
			moyenne(TP(Tr, PA))x1/2	







EC : Introduction to Transp	oort Phenomena	EC5TM1	coeff : 0.07
Teacher In Charge : Marias	s F.		
CM : 6 h	TD : 4 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Momentum, heat and mass transport phenomena can be found nearly everywhere in nature. During the designing of an industrial process plant, quantitative considerations play a major role. The experience that mass, energy and momentum cannot be lost provides the three conservation laws, on which the quantitative analysis of physical and chemical process totally relies and on which the process design of a plant is based. These conservation laws provide the background for process designs. However, they do not yield any information on how these quantities are transported inside a specific device. Thus it is also required to describe these phenomens in order to have complete knowledge in this field.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

After this course, students should:

- be able to write mass and energy balance on macroscopic and simple systems
- know the three laws for molecular transport
- know the expression of the main dimensionless number

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I: Conservation laws

The three conservations laws are derived in this first part. Their integral formulation is given for any system and examples of their application are given

Part II: Molecular transport -Mass (Fick's first Law) -Heat (Fourier's Law), -Momentum (Newton's Law)

Part III: Dimensionless numbers -Prandtl's number







-Scmidt's number -Lewis' number

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Bird Stewart Lightfoot, Transport Phenomena 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2002 Beek & Muttzall, Transport Phenomena, Wiley, 1975

# PREREQUISITE

General Mathematics System of coordinates Cartesian Polar Spherical

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Heat Conduction I and	d Diffusion	EC5	5TM2 coeff : 0.22	
Teacher In Charge : Bernad	la P.			
CM : 14 h	TD : 16 h	TP :	: 0 h Proj : 0 h	
			Language Françai	S

The aim is to give the students the fundamental basis of heat transport by conduction and thermal science and the fundamental basis of mixing theory and diffusion.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, students should be able to:

- Write properly the heat conduction equation for several geometrical cases, Fourier's law and perfect contact conditions between two solids,
- Solve the heat conduction equation in solids, in simple steady state and transient cases,
- Calculate the heat flux transferred from a solid to a fluid or another solid.
- Write properly the diffusion equation for several geometrical cases, and mass transfer boundary conditions between two multicomponent continua,
- Solve the diffusion equation, in simple steady state and transient cases,
- Use Fick's law in order to calculate the diffusive flux in a binary fluid.

#### DESCRIPTION

I Heat transport in non deformable bodies

- •Definition of the contact heat flux, Fourier's law, thermal conductivity
- •Conservation of energy equation, transient and steady conduction,
- •Implications of the Clausius-Duhem inequality

II Heat transfer by contact between two solid bodies

•Study of the contact conditions between two solids

III Energy balances on macroscopic systems

•Detailed method to obtain rigorous macroscopic balance equations, by integration of microscopic conservation equations over specified bodies,

•Comparison with more simple and intuitive methods

IV. Fundamental concepts and general equations of conduction







- •General information, definitions
- •Equations of heat for an homogeneous and isotropic medium
- •Boundary conditions space-time
- •Steady state. Thermal resistances. Fins.
- •Non steady state. Biot criterion.
- V Basis of diffusion transport
  - •Definition of the diffusive flux, Fick's law, diffusive coefficient
- VI Generalities on mixing theory in continua
  - •The body species concept
  - •Conservation equation of mass, momentum and energy for one component
  - •Conservation equation of mass, momentum and energy for the mixture
  - •Simplification of the model: the link with Fick's law, equation of diffusion
- VII Mass transfer between two multicomponent continua

#### PREREQUISITE

- Advanced transport phenomena, J.C. Slattery, Cambridge Press, 1999
- Transport phenomena, Bird, Stewart and Lightfoot, John Wiley and Sons, 1960
- Fundamental principles of heat transfer, WHITAKER Stephen. KRIEGER, 1977
- Advanced transport phenomena, J.C. Slattery, Cambridge Press, 1999
- Transport phenomena, Bird, Stewart and Lightfoot, John Wiley and Sons, 1960

# PRÉREQUIS

Continuum Mechanics (EC15TM5) Thermodynamics (EC15TB2)

ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







]	EC : Heat Transfer by Radi	ation	EC5TM3	coeff : 0.15
,	Teacher In Charge : Vaxela	ire J.		
	CM : 6 h	TD : 14 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

Heat transfer by radiation is of high importance especially in systems where high temperature is involved. The goal of the lecture is to present the basic elements on this particular heat transfer phenomena.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, students should:

- have a basic knowledge on radiation phenomena
- be able to include aspects relative to radiation in relatively simple thermal systems

#### DESCRIPTION

Definitions and fundamental relationships (radiant intensity and flux...) Black body radiation (black body definition; spectral energy distribution, fractional functions)

Real surfaces radiation (absorption and emission characteristics, gray surfaces, Kirchhoff law) Heat exchange between black surfaces separated by nonabsorbing medium (geometry factor, electrical analogy)

Heat exchange between gray surfaces separated by nonabsorbing medium

Heat exchange between surfaces separated by partially absorbing medium (particular case of isothermal gas)

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

BEJAN A. "heat transfer", Ed. J. Wiley, 1993, New York BATTAGLIA J.L. et al. "Introduction aux transferts thermiques", Ed. Dunod, 2014, Paris SACADURA J.F. "Initiation aux transferts thermiques", Ed. Lavoisier, 1978, Paris

#### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE,2h, sd, ca)







EC : Continuum Mechanic	S	EC5TM4	coeff : 0.27
Teacher In Charge : Coutu	re F.		
CM : 18 h	TD : 18 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

Continuum mechanics is the theoretical basis for fluid and solid mechanics. The aim is to describe transport phenomena in continuum from the classical universal principles : mass, momentum and energy conservation.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

After this course, students should:

- be able to establish the basic equations of fluid mechanics (Bernoulli, Navier Stokes) by introducing a newtonian rheological behaviour in mass and momentum conservation,
- be able to establish the basic equations of thermal science by introducing a Newtonian rheological behaviour for fluid and a non deformable behaviour for solid in energy conservation.

#### DESCRIPTION

Continuum model:

Averaging volume – Continuity of the medium at a given time - Continuity of transformations. Kinematics:

Lagrangian method – Eulerian method – Material derivative – Transport theorem – Conservation of mass.

Dynamics:

Forces – Momentum and moment of momentum balances – Stress tensor – Symmetry of stress tensor – Energy conservation.

Rheology - Stress-strain relations

Strain tensor – Rate of strain tensor – Tensors properties – Stress strain relations (Newtonian fluid, linear elastic solid).

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

DUVAUT G., Mécanique des milieux continus, Paris, Masson, 1990







BOUDET R., CHAUVIN A., Mécanique des milieux continus, Paris, Hermes, 1996 HLADICK J. Le calcul vectoriel en physique, Paris, Ellipse, 1993 HLADICK J. Le calcul tensoriel en physique, Paris, Masson, 1995

# PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Transfer Practicals		EC5TM5	coeff : 0.29
Teacher In Charge : Castér	an F.		
CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 40 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

In the practical ENSGTI laboratory, students have the opportunity to observe, by handling on labscale devices, the physical phenomena they have studied during the lectures. They check the corresponding physical laws including the heat and mass transfers quantification.

This practical work corresponds to the study of the various basic physical phenomena met in the energy field.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course the students should:

- Be familiar with the main physical phenomena encountered in thermal and energetic systems;
- Be able to analyse a real experiment (measurement uncertainties, order of magnitude);
- Know how to present clearly scientific relevant results.

#### DESCRIPTION

- Rheology
- pressure losses
- Centrifuge pump
- Conduction
- Convection
- Radiation
- Temperature measurement

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT moyenne(TP(CR))x1/2 + moyenne(TP(Tr, PA))x1/2







## **SPECIALITE GEII**

1st Year - Semester 5 - GEII													
UEName	С	ode	EC Name			Hours	(h)					ECTS / Coef.	
UEName	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	ΤA	Proj.	ECTS UE	Coef. EC
Apprenticeship S5	EG5AP	EG5AP1	Skills developed in the company	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0.80
Apprenticeship 55	EGJAP	EG5AP2	Project: Company knowledge	Ŭ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0.20
Mathematics - Computer	EG5MI	EG5MI1	Mathematics	0	70	40	20	20	0	30	0	6 -	0.47
Sciences S5	EGOIVIT	EC5MI2	Programming (FORTRAN)	Ű	94	32	12	0	20	62	30		0.53
	EG5EL	EG5EL1	Analog electronics 1		80	40	20	20	0	40	0		0.50
Electronics S5		EG5EL2	Digital electronics	160	48	24	12	12	0	24	0	6	0.30
		EG5EL3	TP Digital Electronics		32	16	0	0	16	16	0		0.20
		EG5CE1	Semiconductor Physics		34	16	10	6	0	18	0	5	0.22
Electronic components S5	EG5CE	EG5CE2	Analog electronics 2	150	76	36	18	18	0	40	0		0.51
		EG5CE3	TP Components		40	20	0	0	20	20	0		0.27
		EG5SC1	Electrical signals and systems		40	20	10	10	0	20	0		0.33
Signals and Circuits S5	EG5SC	EG5SC2	Electrostatic - Electromagnetism	120	60	30	16	14	0	30	0	4	0.50
		EG5SC3	Optronics		20	10	6	4	0	10	0		0.17
Total Spec GEII				430		284	124	104	56	310	35	26	
Total TC + Spec GEII				542		340						30	







## TEACHING UNIT (UE):

Apprenticeship S5

ECTS:5

Code UE : EG5AP

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Specify industrial manufactured devices involving electrical engineering and industrial computing, based on documented and anticipated needs, in order to establish essential design requirements.
- Document the study and design of the equipment concerned in order to explain its operation, to monitor its implementation or to ensure its maintenance.
- Write design and validation reports in order to ensure traceability, which is essential for a continuous improvement process.
- Know and understand a complex and interdisciplinary scientific and technical field of specialisation in order to ensure the interface between the different partners by communicating on the progress of the work/project with both internal and external partners.
- Master the communication techniques adapted to the situation and to the interlocutors in order to lead the development of a project in accordance with the company's strategy.
- Lead a multicultural team by adapting to the constraints and specificities of each person, taking into account the cultural mix in its interactions, using adapted communication tools and methods, in order to establish an environment conducive to the success of the project in compliance with regulations, ethics, safety and health.

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG5AP1	Skills developed in the company	0.8	EvalC (entreprise)*0.6 + PA (en-
			treprise)*0.4
EG5AP2	Project: Company knowledge	0.2	EvalC (Rap)







	EC : Skills developed in th	e company	EG5AP1	coeff : 0.8
Teacher In Charge : Pécastaing L.				
	CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 5 h
				Language Français

During these first seven weeks in the company, the apprentice will have been confronted with the concepts of expression of need, specifications and will have written his first reports related to his activities.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Specify industrial manufactured devices involving electrical engineering and industrial computing, based on documented and anticipated needs, in order to establish essential design requirements.
- Document the study and design of the equipment concerned in order to explain its operation, to monitor its implementation or to ensure its maintenance.
- Write design and validation reports in order to ensure traceability, which is essential for a continuous improvement process.

#### CONTENT

The activities developed in this CE are established according to the specific needs of the company and in order to complete the targeted skills.

#### RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITES

#### **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

EvalC (entreprise)\*0.6 + PA (entreprise)\*0.4







I	EC : Project: Company kno	owledge	EG5AP2	coeff : 0.2
Teacher In Charge : Pécastaing L.				
(	CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

The apprentice engineers integrating their company will be able to familiarise themselves with the internal organisation of their company and thus better understand the role of the different departments and the often multidisciplinary aspect of a company and its communication constraints.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- To know and understand a complex and interdisciplinary scientific and technical field of specialisation in order to ensure the interface between the different partners by communicating on the progress of the work/project with both internal and company partners.
- Master the communication techniques adapted to the situation and to the interlocutors in order to lead the development of a project in accordance with the company's strategy.
- Lead a multicultural team by adapting to the constraints and specificities of each person, taking into account the cultural mix in its interactions, using adapted communication tools and methods, in order to establish an environment conducive to the success of the project in compliance with regulations, ethics, safety and health.
- Understand the organisation of companies.

#### CONTENT

The apprentice submits a report which allows the level of skills acquired in the field of company knowledge to be judged. The report covers, among other things, the following topics: presentation, operation, sectors of activity and regulations of the host company. The apprentice also indicates his position and that of his activities.

Report of about ten pages of information, excluding table of contents, annexes, etc. From the introduction to the conclusion. The apprentice must check with his/her Apprentice Master that there is no confidential data in this report before it is submitted to the LEA.

## RESSOURCES







## PREREQUISITES

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

EvalC (Rap)







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Mathematics - Computer Sciences S5

ECTS:6

Code UE : EG5MI

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate proficiency in the use of mathematical methods of engineering practice
- Demonstrate proficiency in the use of a structured programming language (FORTRAN)

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG5MI1	Mathematics	0.47	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EC5MI2	Programming (FORTRAN)	0.53	Proj(Tr, Rap, Sout)







Е	C : Mathematics		EG5MI1	coeff : 0.47
Т	eacher In Charge : Laure	nt S., Couture F.		
C	<sup>2</sup> M : 20 h	TD : 20 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

This module presents the essential mathematical tools to treat the majority of fundamental physical phenomena.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- master matrix calculation,
- be able to solve analytically linear systems,
- be able to evaluate simple, double, triple, curve and surface integrals,
- be able to handle gradient, divergence and rotational,
- be able to solve analytically differential equations,
- be able to integrate, derivate spatial tensor fields,
- be able to read and understand on a mathematical point of view heat and mass transport equations.

### DESCRIPTION

Part I. Matrix calculation Matrix – Determinants – Resolution of linear systems – Matrix reduction.

Part II. Functions of several variables Definition – Differential calculation.

Part III. Integrals calculation Simple integrals – Double integrals – Triple integrals.







Part IV. Vector analysis Differential operators – Curve and surface integrals – Transformation formula.

Part V. Differential equations 1st order differential equations – 2nd order linear differential equations.

Part VI. Laplace transformation Generalised integrals – Laplace transformation of current functions – Convolution product – Dirac function.

## **RECOMMENDED READING**

Mathématiques d'usage courant pour scientifiques et ingénieurs, Belorizky E., cahiers 128, Nathan

## PREREQUISITE

**ASSESSMENT** CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : Programming (FORT	RAN)	EC5MI2	coeff : 0.53
Teacher In Charge : Serra S.			
CM : 12 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 20 h	Proj : 30 h
			Language Français

Basic knowledge on computers and programming are developped. Key concepts needed to write a code dedicated to scientific computing are given.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Masterize the basic concepts (OS commands, compilation, execution, files manipulation...)
- Conceive the architecture of a program
- Code a sequential program in Fortran

## **DESCRIPTION** 1 Foreword

- 2 Data types3 Operators4 Intrinsic functions5 Algorithms6 Arrays
- o Arrays
- 7 Sub-programs 8 Inputs – Outputs
- 9 Supplementary options
- 10 Useful information

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Numerical recipes in Fortran 77 : the art of scientific computing, W.H. Press et al, Cambridge University Press (1992) Fortran 95 Handbook, A. Brainerd et al., MIT Press (1997) Information technology – Programming Languages – Fortran – Part 1 : Base language, International Standard, ISO/IEC 1539-1 (1997) Programmer en Fortran 90 – Guide Complet, C. Delannoy, Edition Eyrolles (2000) Manuel Complet du Langage Fortran 90 et 95, P. Lignelet, Masson (1996) Cours Fortran 95, P. Corde et H. Delouis, IDRIS (2008)







Les apports de Fortran 2003, P. Corde et H. Delouis, IDRIS (2008)

## PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT Proj(Tr, Rap, Sout)







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

**Electronics S5** 

ECTS: 6

Code UE : EG5EL

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Propose and describe circuits made with diodes and operational amplifiers (inverting, noninverting, subming, subtracting, differential, active filters, comparators, signal generators)
- Calculate simple analog circuit responses
- Know the basics of digital electronics
- Know how to synthesize logic circuits
- Know how to identify and wire digital circuits.
- Understand how microprocessors can work

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG5EL1	Analog electronics 1	0.5	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5EL2	Digital electronics	0.3	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5EL3	<b>TP</b> Digital Electronics	0.2	TP (CR)







EC : Analog electronics 1		EG5EL1	coeff : 0.5
Teacher In Charge : Pécast			
CM : 20 h	TD : 20 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This course aims to introduce students to the main functions of electronics.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Propose and describe circuits made with diodes and operational amplifiers (inverting, noninverting, adder, subtractor, active filters, comparators, signal generators)
- Identify the specific limitations of these components
- Calculate the responses of simple analogue circuits

## CONTENT

- 1. Diodes
- 2. Operational amplifiers in linear mode
- 3. Operational amplifiers in non-linear mode (comparators, multivibrators)
- 4. Sine wave oscillators
- 5. Analog filtering (Butterworth and Chebychev)
- 6. Real operational amplifier

## RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITES

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : Digital electronics		EG5EL2	coeff : 0.3
Teacher In Charge : Duma	s P.		
CM : 12 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective of this course is to upgrade the basics of combinatorial and sequential logic..

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Basic knowledge of digital electronics
- Knowledge of the basic components of digital electronics (CMOS Door)
- Combinatorial and Sequential Logic
- Proficiency in a description language (VHDL or Verilog)

## CONTENT

- 1. Studies of CMOS and Jitter doors
- 2. Combinatorial circuits: encoder, decoder, multiplexer, demultiplexer, arithmetic circuits
- 3. Sequential circuits: RS toggle, RST toggle, JK toggles, Counters, Memories
- 4. VHDL or Verilog hardware applications: Encoder, Counters, State Machine

#### RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITES

#### **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : TP Digital Electronic	3	EG5EL3	coeff : 0.2
Teacher In Charge : Duma			
CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 16 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective of the EC is to master modern digital circuit design.

The use of a description language (behavioral VHDL or Verilog) on a current hardware development tool to make complex circuits (FPGA development board).

The modular approach of VHDL (or Verilog) components provides a good understanding of the final hardware design.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Rapidly and modularly design complex digital electronics projects driving real systems
- Correctly master a description language and a development tool

## CONTENT

- 1. Combinatorial functions (encoding-decoding)
- 2. Sequential functions(memorization, counting, PWM, state machines)

## RESSOURCES

PREREQUISITE

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** TP (CR)







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Electronic components S5

ECTS:5

Code UE : EG5CE

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Possess the physical basis for the study of the operation of electronic components
- Be able to explain how transistor circuits work
- Know how to calculate the voltage and current gains, as well as the input and output impedances of a circuit based on "small signal" models
- Know the frequency operation of transistor amplifier assemblies
- Apply the concepts discussed in class and TD analog electronics
- Experimentally highlight component limitations

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG5CE1	Semiconductor Physics	0.22	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5CE2	Analog electronics 2	0.51	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5CE3	TP Components	0.27	TP (CR)







EC : Semiconductor Physi	CS	EG5C	E1 coeff : 0.22
Teacher In Charge : Reess			
CM : 10 h	TD : 6 h	TP : 0	h Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

The objective here is to introduce students to the basic physical properties of semiconductors in order to assimilate these notions that are used in the description and analysis of electronic components. This course explains the principle and operation of the simplest of semiconductor components: the junction diode (p-n junction)

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Possess the physical basis for the study of the operation of electronic components
- Mastering transport mechanisms in a semiconductor
- Understand the physical principles of how a p-n junction works

## CONTENT

- 1. Reminders on the structure of matter in the solid state.
- 2. Electronic structure.
- 3. Charge transport mechanisms in semiconductors
- 4. The p-n junction

## RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITE

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : Analog electronics 2		EG5CE2	coeff : 0.51
Teacher In Charge : Reess			
CM : 18 h	TD : 18 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This course aims to introduce students to the operation of transistor amplifier assemblies (bipolar, field effect).

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Be able to explain how transistor circuits work
- Understand the concept of superposition of the state of polarization and low and high signal variations.
- Know how to calculate the voltage and current gains, as well as the input and output impedances of a circuit based on "small signal" models
- Know the frequency limits of transistor amplifier assemblies

## CONTENT

- 1. Bipolar transistor polarization
- 2. Fundamental assemblies with bipolar transistors
- 3. Field effect transistors (principle, polarization and amplification)
- 4. Low and high frequency amplification
- 5. Power amplification

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITE

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : TP Components		EG5CE3	coeff : 0.27
Teacher In Charge : Rivale			
CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 20 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective is to experimentally apply the concepts discussed in class on electronic components.

## **TARGETED SKILLS**

- Become familiar with measuring devices commonly used in electronics (multimeter, oscilloscope)
- Apply the concepts discussed in class and TD analog electronics
- Experimentally highlight component limitations

## CONTENT

- 1. Operational amplifier in linear regime, application to filtering
- 2. Operational amplifier in non-linear regime, comparator, astable, monostable
- 3. Operational amplifier and transistor oscillators
- 4. The NE555 circuit, experimental study
- 5. The bipolar transistor, EC mounting frequency study

#### RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITE

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES** TP (CR)







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Signals and Circuits S5

ECTS: 4

Code UE : EG5SC

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Know how to master the responses of linear electronic circuits
- Solving an electrostatic problem in the presence of dielectrics
- Know the principles of electromagnetism
- Size an electromagnetic problem
- Provide the fundamental basic knowledge about the main components of optoelectronics
- Present the fields of application (information technology, optical telecommunications, transmission.)

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG5SC1	Electrical signals and systems	0.33	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5SC2	Electrostatic - Electromagnetism	0.5	CC (EE, 1h30)*0.3 + CC (EE,
			1h30)*0.7
EG5SC3	Optronics	0.17	CC (EE, 1h30)







EC : Electrical signals and	EG5SC	1 coeff : 0.33	
Teacher In Charge : Reess			
CM : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	n Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

This module allows students to acquire basic notions on which other disciplines are based: analog electronics, automatic, instrumentation. It presents the mathematical tools necessary for the analysis of frequency and temporal responses of electrical systems.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Master the methods of analysis of circuits in temporal regime
- Master the methods of analysis of circuits in sinusoidal steady state

## CONTENT

- 1. Reminders of general theorems for circuit analysis
- 2. Circuit analysis by quadrupole representation
- 3. The Laplace Transform: application to circuit analysis
- 4. Harmonic response of circuits: representation of Bode and Nyquist
- 5. Analysis of the temporal response of linear circuits

## RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITE

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : Electrostatic - Electromagnetism E0				coeff : 0.5
	Teacher In Charge : Paillol			
	CM : 16 h	TD : 14 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

Applications of electrostatics and electromagnetism to propagation and radiation.

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Solving an electrostatic problem in the presence of dielectrics
- Know the basic principles of guided wave propagation
- Know the basic principles of radiation in free space
- Know how to characterize antenna radiation
- Size an electromagnetic problem

## CONTENT

- 1. Electrostatics in vacuum and media
- 2. Maxwell's equations
- 3. Free and guided propagation transmission lines
- 4. Radiation in free space
- 5. Introduction to Antenna Theory

#### RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITE

Basic COURSES in electromagnetism and Mathematics

## **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.7







EC : O	ptronics		EG5SC3	coeff : 0.17
Teache	r In Charge : Gravrile	enko V.		
CM : 6	h	TD : 4 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

This course aims to introduce students to the main basic components of optoelectronics and their main uses..

## TARGETED SKILLS

- Provide the fundamental basic knowledge about the main components of optoelectronics
- Present the fields of application (information technology, optical telecommunications, transmission.)

## CONTENT

1. Photometry elements

2. Photodetectors (Photoresistors, Photodiodes, Photovoltaic cells, Phototransistors, Photomultipliers, CCD sensors)

- 3. Phototransmitters (LEDs, Laser Diodes, Displays and LCD screens)
- 4. Fiber optic transmission

## RESSOURCES

## PREREQUISITE

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** CC (EE, 1h30)







# Semestre 6

## LIST OF TEACHING UNITS (UE) OF THE SEMESTER

TC, Spe ou Path- ways	Code UE	Entitled UE	ECTS
TC	EC6MI	Mathematics - Computer Sciences S6	7
GP-EN	EC6TM	Thermodynamics - Mechanics S6	7
GP-EN	EC6LC	Languages - Engineering Culture S6	6
EN	EE6ET	Energy and Transfer S6	10
GP	EP6CR	Chemistry and Reactor S6	10
GEII	EG6AP	Apprenticeship S6	7
GEII	EG6LA	Languages for the engineer S6	3
GEII	EG6EI	Energy and industry	5
GEII	EG6EE	Electrical energy and control command S6	8







# **Tronc Commun**

1st Year - Semester 6 - Commun Course													
UE Name	C	ode	EC Name			Hours	(h)					ECTS	/ Coef.
UE Name	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	ΤA	Proj.	ECTS UE	Coef. EC
		EC6MI1	Probability and Statistics		40	20	10	10	0	20	0		0.17
Mathematics - Computer	EC6MI	EC6MI2	Scientific Calculus I	180	60	30	14	16	0	30	0	7	0.33
Sciences S6	ECOMI	EC6MI3	System Control	100	48	24	12	12	0	24	0	'	0.33
		EC6MI4	Programming (VBA)		32	16	8	8	0	16	0		0.17
Total TC GP + EN				180		90	44	46	0	90	0	7	







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Mathematics - Computer Sciences S6

ECTS: 7

Code UE : EC6MI

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Understand the basic concepts of Applied mathematics (numerical mathematical methods), Statistics and Probability
- Demonstrate the ability to design and configure a control loop
- Demonstrate proficiency in the use of a new structured programming language (Visual Basic)

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EC6MI1	Probability and Statistics	0.17	CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)
EC6MI2	Scientific Calculus I	0.33	CC(PA)x1/4 + CC(EE, 2h, sd, st,
			sc)x3/4
EC6MI3	System Control	0.33	CC (EE, 2h, sd, ca)
EC6MI4	Programming (VBA)	0.17	CC(PA)x1/2 + CC(EE, 2h, sd, st,
			sc)x1/2







EC : Probability and Statis	tics	EC6MI1	coeff : 0.17
Teacher In Charge : Tinsso			
CM : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This course will concentrate on probability theories and statistical methods. To understand and model random phenomenon is of prime importance for a lot of complex situations where the classical deterministic methods do not fit well. Special attention is paid in this course to real-life problems.

## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, students should/

- have a basic knowledge in the area of probabilities,
- be able to model a random phenomenon,
- have a basic knowledge in the aera of statistics
- be able to fit a linear statistical model

#### DESCRIPTION

3 parts Part I : Probabilities Part II : Inferential statistics Part III: Statistical linear models

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

G. Saporta, Probabilités, Analyse des Données et Statistique. Editions Technip, 2006 Murray R. Spiegel, Probabilités et statistique, Cours et Problème, Série SHAUM 1974

## PRÉREQUIS

- Enumerative combinatorics
- Concept of probability and conditional probability
- Random variables notions and probability distribution







ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







EC : Scientific Calculus I		EC6M	12 coeff : 0.33
Teacher In Charge : Gibou			
CM : 14 h	TD : 16 h	TP : 0	h Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

The main objective of this module is to provide students with a solid foundation in scientific computing, which allows them to use the computer in the modeling framework and data analysis.

## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Choose the most suitable algorithms for a given problem and implement them in the computer language of their choice Take a critical look at results

Evaluate any errors related to the method

## DESCRIPTION

- 1. Solution of linear systems
- 2. Interpolation and approximation techniques
- 3. Integration and numerical derivation
- 4. Nonlinear Equations
- 5. Extremums and minimization
- 6. Resolution of systems of ordinary differential equations

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

## PREREQUISITE

Basic skills in Mathematics and programming

## ASSESSMENT

CC(PA)x1/4 + CC(EE, 2h, sd, st, sc)x3/4







EC : System Control		EC6MI3	coeff : 0.33
Teacher In Charge : Berna	da P.		
CM : 12 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

This lecture is an introduction to PID process control and system instrumentation.

## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, students should be able to:

- Give the elements of a control loop,
- Calculate the time response of simple systems (first and second order) placed in feedback control loops with PID controllers,
- Choose an appropriate controller for simple processes (pressure, level, flow rate...)
- Improve the process control by using simple criteria

## DESCRIPTION

I Introduction Brief description of the elements of a control loop (sensor, actuators, controllers)

II Mathematical modeling of dynamic linear systems

•Definition of a transfer function,

•Study of simple linear systems (first order, second order, integrator, dead time...)

III Basic control actions

- •Closed loop systems (feedback systems),
- •PID controllers,

IV Stability of linear systemsRouth criterion,Root locus diagram







V Optimization of a PID controller

•Static and dynamic criteria,

•Choice of the controller,

•Optimization of a PID (Ziegler – Nichols, Cohen and Coon)

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Modern control engineering, 2d edition, prentice-hall edition, K Ogata, 1990 Regulation, tomes 1,2,3, Nathan edition, C. Sermonade, A. Toussaint, 1994

## PREREQUISITE

Maths - tensorial algebra and analysis (EC15MI1)

ASESSMENT

CC (EE, 2h, sd, ca)







EC : Programming (VBA)		EC	6MI4	coeff : 0.17
Teacher In Charge : Gibou	t S.			
CM : 8 h	TD : 8 h	TP	: 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

Mastering VBA / Excel

## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Analyze a problem and design the most suitable software solution
- Develop the application following a methodology to minimize the risk of error (tests)
- Validate and correct any nonconformities
- Take account of ergonomic constraints related to the use of graphical user interfaces

## DESCRIPTION

- 1) Generalities
- 2) Development and execution environments
- 3) Object and event programming concepts
- 4) Data types and elements of language syntax
- 5) Interaction with Spreadsheets
- 6) Graphical User Interface

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

## PREREQUISITE

General principles of programming (Fortran or other)

ASSESSMENT CC(PA)x1/2 + CC(EE, 2h, sd, st, sc)x1/2







# **Tronc Commun GP et EN**

1st Year - Semester 6 - Commun Course EN GP													
UE Name	C UE	ode EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Hours Tot Prés.	• •	TD	TP	TA	Proj.	ECTS /	
		EC6TM1	Solution Thermodynamics		68	34	18	16	0	34	0		0.34
Thermodynamics -	EC6TM	EC6TM2	Flowsheeting	200	44	20	8	12	0	24	4	-	0.22
Mechanics S6	ECOTIN	EC6TM3	PID	200	16	8	4	4	0	8	0	'	0.08
	ĺ	EC6TM4	Fluid Mechanics I		72	36	20	16	0	36	0		0.36
		EC6LC1	English		48	24	0	24	0	24	0		0.28
Languages Frankraska		EC6LC2	Second Foreign Language (Spanish / German)		40	20	0	20	0	20	0		0.23
Languages - Engineering Culture S6	EC6LC	EC6LC3	Professional Insertion I	172	20	8	6	2	0	12	14	6	0.11
Culture 30		EC6LC4	Entrepreneurship		24	16	8	8	0	8	8		0.14
		EC6LC5	Cost Analysis and Management Control		40	20	20	0	0	20	0		0.24
Total TC GP + EN				372		186	56	94	0	158	18	13	







## TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Thermodynamics - Mechanics S6

ECTS: 7

Code UE : EC6TM

## SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate the ability to compute the equilibrium between phases
- Know the main unit operations so as to be able to understand and to design a process flow diagram
- Demonstrate the ability to formulate and to solve a process simulation problem with a commercial process simulation software
- Demonstrate the ability to formulate and to solve a problem in Fluid Mechanics in order to calculate pressure drop

## LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EC6TM1	Solution Thermodynamics	0.34	CC(EE, 2h)
EC6TM2	Flowsheeting	0.22	CC(EM, 2h)
EC6TM3	PID	0.08	CC(EE, 1h)
EC6TM4	Fluid Mechanics I	0.36	CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







EC : Solution Thermodyna	EC6TM1	coeff : 0.34		
Teacher In Charge : Cézac				
CM : 18 h	TD : 16 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h	
			Language Français	

The thermodynamics of the solutions is an essential tool for the analysis of the real processes. The primary aim of this subject is to provide a comprehensive exposition on the thermodynamic properties of fluid mixtures and on phases equilibria.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

After this course, students should:

- have a great knowledge on thermodynamics models (ideal gas, ideal solution, gE models and Equations of state)
- be able to describe any thermodynamic equilibrium in a complex system.

## DESCRIPTION

Chemical Potential Ideal Gas Ideal Solution Real Solution gE models EOS Phases equilibria

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

J. Vidal, Thermodynamique : application au Génie Chimique et à l'industrie pétrolière, Ed. Technip, 1997.

Smith et Van Ness, Introduction to Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics, Ed. Mc Graw-Hill, Inc, 1987

## PREREQUISITE

Lectures of general thermodynamics and thermo chemistry







ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Flowsheeting		EC6TM2	coeff : 0.22
Teacher In Charge : Serin J	.P.		
CM : 8 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0 h	Proj: 4 h
			Language Français

This subject is dedicated to steady state process simulation. Basic concepts are first introduced. Then illustrative examples are considered using a Steady State Process Simulator (ProSim Plus  $\mathbb{R}$ )

## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- be able to formulate simulation problems (process modelling at the system level)
- have a basic and theoretical knowledge of different solution strategies (modular, oriented equation) and methods (Wegstein, Broyden...)
- be able to use any commercial software for steady state process simulation
- be able to analyse the results of simulation (sensitivity analysis ...)

## DESCRIPTION

Part I: Basic Concepts -Introduction: process classification, from design to simulation -Model classification and formulation -Different solution strategy (Oriented Equation, Modular ...) -The Modular Solution Strategy (Module Definition, Tear Streams, Recycle, Specification ...) -Numerical Methods

Part II: Simulation Tools Process simulations are performed using the ProSim Plus® steady state process simulator: Simplified HDA Process, Ethylene Oxide process...

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Tutorials are available, on line, using the elearn platform







**PREREQUISITE** Balances EC15TB4 Solution Thermodynamics EC16TM1

ASSESSMENT

CC(EM, 2h)







]	EC : PID		EC6TM3	coeff : 0.08
,	Teacher In Charge : Ricard	e M.		
	CM : 4 h	TD : 4 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
				Language Français

Piping and instrumentation Diagrams occupy an important role in the industrial units of oil and gas, chemistry and energy.

The knowledge of these Diagrams is essential for an engineer in Process engineering or in Energetics.

This teaching is illustrated with concrete industrial examples; numerous notions are approached, relative to safety, technology, construction and to the exploitation of units. Educational platform https://elearn.univ-pau.fr/

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

The skills which will be acquired by the student face to face P&ID are:

- 1. Reading
- 2. Understanding
- 3. Designing
- 4. Drawing (Note: the use of software of drawing is not included in this course).

### DESCRIPTION

Piping and equipment: -outline, -piping class.

Instrumentation: -outline, -identification (rules for name tag), -sort : temperature, flow.... -function : alarm, control, security...







OTHER NOTIONS: -Process Control Systems (PCS) ET Safety Shutdown System (SSS) -Safety Integrity Level (SIL) -EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERES (ATEX) -NFC and NFO valves

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

ISO 10628-1:2014 Diagrams for the chemical and petrochemical industry – Part 1: Specification of diagrams

ISO 10628-2:2012 Diagrams for the chemical and petrochemical industry – Part 2: Graphical symbols

ISO 14617-6:2002 Symboles graphiques pour schémas – Partie 6: Fonctions de mesurage et de contrôle

ISA 5.1-2009 Instrumentation Symbols and Identification

### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 1h)







EC : Fluid Mechanics I		EC6TM4	coeff : 0.36
Teacher In Charge : Laurer	ıt S.		
CM : 20 h	TD : 16 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The presence of a fluid flowing through pipes and pumps is quasi systematic in process engineering and energetic applications.

Fluid mechanics allows the characterisation of fluid flows (determination of velocity, pressure, head losses...) by applying the classical universal principles.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- be able to formulate a fluid mechanics problem by writing mass, momentum and energy conservation,
- be able to determine velocity and pressure profiles of a flowing fluid by solving the previous equations in some simple cases (steady flow of a perfect fluid, laminar steady flow of an incompressible viscous fluid),
- be able to calculate head loss and to design pumps,
- be able to evaluate the force laid by a fluid (static or flowing) on a solid wall.

### DESCRIPTION

Part I. Call back of continuum mechanics basis: Mass, momentum and energy conservation.

Part II. Definition and properties of a fluid: Rheological behaviour – Viscosity – Compressibility.

Part III. Fluid statics: Hydrostatic law – Archimede theorem – Isothermal and polytropic atmospheres.







Part IV. Fluid dynamics:

Euler equations - Bernoulli theorems - Navier-Stokes equations - Laminar flows – Momentum theorem - First principle of thermodynamics applied to a fluid.

Part V. Permanent flow of an incompressible viscous fluid in a pipe: Head and pressure loss – Pumps and turbines.

Part VI. Permanent flow of a compressible perfect fluid in a variable section pipe: Saint-Venant theorem-Hugoniot theorems – Isentropic flows laws – Tuyeres.

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Mécanique expérimentale des fluides, tomes 1 et 2, R. Comolet, 5e édition Masson. Mécanique des fluides - éléments d'un premier parcours, P. Chassaing, Cepadues éditions, Collection Polytech.

Mécanique des fluides appliquée, R. Joulié, Ellipses. Mémento des pertes de charge, I.E. Idel'Cik, Eyrolles.

### PREREQUISITE

EC15TM5 Continuum mechanics

ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







### TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Languages - Engineering Culture S6

ECTS: 6

Code UE : EC6LC

### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate the ability to communicate in English (B2 Level)
- Demonstrate the basic knowledge of a second language
- Know the professional environment and understand the business organisation
- Understand the basics of management control system and cost analysis
- Understand the basics of entrepreneurship

### LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EC6LC1	English	0.28	IntO(PA)x1/7 +
			Cert(TOEIC1)x2/7 +
			Cert(TOEIC2)x2/7 + ExE(EE,
			1h30)x2/7
EC6LC2	Second Foreign Language	0.23	CoOx1/5 + ExOx1/5 + IntOx1/5
	(Spanish / German)		+ CoEx1/5 + ExEx1/5
EC6LC3	Professional Insertion I	0.11	Proj(Rap, Sout)
EC6LC4	Entrepreneurship	0.14	Proj(Sout)
EC6LC5	Cost Analysis and Management	0.24	CC(EE, 2h)
	Control		







F	EC : English		EC6LC1	coeff : 0.28
]	Teacher In Charge : Grenie	er A-C.		
(	CM : 0 h	TD : 24 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
				Language Anglais

The focus of this class is to strengthen the English skills to successfully pass the official TOEIC (Listening and Reading) Test of English for International Communication.

The TOEIC is correlated to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).

**TARGET SKILLS** The student improves the technical skills and methodology required for the TOEIC test along with the acquisition of the specific vocabulary in order to pass the TOEIC with the highest score.

### DESCRIPTION

The course is based on Business English and covers vocabulary and grammar useful for the business environment.

Reading, listening and speaking skills are improved through the study of authentic documents. Specific intensive training for the TOEIC test as well as mock exams.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Pearson: Tests complets pour le TOEIC, 6ème edition, 2018 Hachette: La BIBLE officielle du test TOEIC, 2018 Hachette: Les tests TOEIC officiels corrigés, 2018

### REQUIREMENTS

Niveaux intermédiaire à avancé (A1 à C2)

#### ASSESSMENT

IntO(PA)x1/7 + Cert(TOEIC1)x2/7 + Cert(TOEIC2)x2/7 + ExE(EE, 1h30)x2/7







EC : Second Foreign Langu	EC6LC2	coeff : 0.23			
Teacher In Charge : Meunie	er C., Requena S., Perez Olivia I. /	K. Hahn			
CM : 0 h	TD : 20 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h		
Language Espagnol/Allemand					

El objetivo es mejorar y consolidar las diferentes competencias definidas por el Marco común europeo de referencia para las lenguas.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Spanish

Nivel A1 o Acceso : Es capaz de comprender y utilizar expresiones cotidianas de uso muy frecuente así como frases sencillas destinadas a satisfacer necesidades de tipo inmediato. Puede presentarse a sí mismo y a otros, pedir y dar información personal básica sobre su domicilio, sus pertenencias y las personas que conoce. Puede relacionarse de forma elemental siempre que su interlocutor hable despacio y con claridad y esté dispuesto a cooperar.

Nivel A2 o Plataforma: Es capaz de comprender frases y expresiones de uso frecuente relacionadas con áreas de experiencia que le son especialmente relevantes (información básica sobre sí mismo y su familia, compras, lugares de interés, ocupaciones, etc). Sabe comunicarse a la hora de llevar a cabo tareas simples y cotidianas que no requieran más que intercambios sencillos y directos de información sobre cuestiones que le son conocidas o habituales. Sabe describir en términos sencillos aspectos de su pasado y su entorno así como cuestiones relacionadas con sus necesidades inmediatas.

Nivel B1 o Intermedio: Es capaz de comprender los puntos principales de textos claros y en lengua estándar si tratan sobre cuestiones que le son conocidas, ya sea en situaciones de trabajo, de estudio o de ocio. Sabe desenvolverse en la mayor parte de las situaciones que pueden surgir durante un viaje por zonas donde se utiliza la lengua. Es capaz de producir textos sencillos y coherentes sobre temas que le son familiares o en los que tiene un interés personal. Puede describir experiencias, acontecimientos, deseos y aspiraciones, así como justificar brevemente sus opiniones o explicar sus planes.

Nivel B2 o Intermedio alto: Es capaz de entender las ideas principales de textos complejos







que traten de temas tanto concretos como abstractos, incluso si son de carácter técnico siempre que estén dentro de su campo de especialización. Puede relacionarse con hablantes nativos con un grado suficiente de fluidez y naturalidad de modo que la comunicación se realice sin esfuerzo por parte de ninguno de los interlocutores. Puede producir textos claros y detallados sobre temas diversos así como defender un punto de vista sobre temas generales indicando los pros y los contras de las distintas opciones.

Nivel C1 o Dominio operative eficaz: Es capaz de comprender una amplia variedad de textos extensos y con cierto nivel de exigencia, así como reconocer en ellos sentidos implícitos. Sabe expresarse de forma fluida y espontánea sin muestras muy evidentes de esfuerzo para encontrar la expresión adecuada. Puede hacer un uso flexible y efectivo del idioma para fines sociales, académicos y profesionales. Puede producir textos claros, bien estructurados y detallados sobre temas de cierta complejidad, mostrando un uso correcto de los mecanismos de organización, articulación y cohesión del texto.

### German

Einen Lebenslauf und ein Bewerbungsschreiben verfassen, sich Information über Jobangebote und Wohnungsmöglichkeiten verschaffen, an einem Gespräch über allgemeine Themen teilnehmen.

### DESCRIPTION

#### Spanish

Variable en función del nivel.

Documentos auténticos de la vida cotidiana y de especialidad.

Documentos audio y video con trabajo de comprensión oral acompañdos de parrillas de comprensión.

Comunicación interna y externa. Interculturalidad.

Escritos profesionales (carta de presentación, CV, noticias, correos, documentos técnicos, informes...) Trabajo en la red: www.ver-taal.com comprensión oral de reportajes, fragmentos de informaciones televisivas, enriquecimiento del vocabulario

Búsquedas sobre España y América Latina

Búsquedas sobre empresas españolas y latinoamericanas.

#### German

Grammatische Wiederholungen der wichtigsten Strukturen, spezifischer Wortschatz (Job – und Wohnungssuche), allgemeiner Wortschatz, Lese-und Hörverständnis (Artikel, Video..)

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Spanish

Documentos proporcionados por las profesoras en función del nivel.







Mundo laboral :http://www.oficinaempleo.com/content/manualcv1.html TV : http://www.rtve.es/ Prensa: http://elpais.com/ Español : www.ver-taal.com Plateforma Chamilo de l'UPPA.

### German

Site internet de la Deutsche Welle : www.fluter.de

### PREREQUISITE

Spanish

Ninguno para el grupo 1, nivel A2:B1 para el grupo 2, nivel B1/B2 para el grupo 3

**German** 5 Jahre Deutsch (9. bis 13. Klasse)

**ASSESSMENT** CoOx1/5 + ExOx1/5 + IntOx1/5 + CoEx1/5 + ExEx1/5







EC : Professional Inse	EC6LC3	coeff : 0.11	
Teacher In Charge : M			
CM : 6 h	TD : 2 h	TP : 0 h	Proj: 14 h
			Language Français

The purpose of this project is to lead each student to think about his/her career. Thereafter he/she can chose training periods, projects, optional courses, international experiences during the second and third year according to his/her need.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Students will be able to search any informations necessary for job hunting;

### DESCRIPTION

Rules for the oral presentation and file content. -Functions -Industries -Opportunities -Interest of training -Knowing the companies

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

www.apec.fr www.kompass.fr www.onisep.fr www.pole-emploi.fr www.observatoireindustrieschimiques.com

### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT Proj(Rap, Sout)







EC : Entrepreneurs	hip	EC6LC4	coeff : 0.14
Teacher In Charge			
CM : 8 h	TD : 8 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 8 h
			Language Français

This course's goal is to give the students the necessary basis to create activities (such as managing enterprises projects, creation of an enterprise) thanks to a theoretical content which permits to ask appropriate questions for a successfull project while letting enough time to put it inot practice. It belongs to the PEPITE program (Pôles Etudiants Pour l'Innovation, le Transfert et l'Entreprenariat) launched by the Ministry of National Education, of Higher Education and Research, which is developped, at a regional level, by Entreprenariat Campus Aquitaine (ECA). This course allowsthe students who want to continue their creative practice to go into an appropriate further training (Student-Entrepreneur University degree or D2E) with an individual support.

### LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Master the GRP Lab
- Present your business model in front of a jury
- Work efficiently in groups in order to complete the project
- Master the basic entrepreneurship notions

#### DESCRIPTION

The theoretical content is organised in 4 main topics :

- notion of market
- the business model
- the financial terms
- legal forms and personal status

#### The Tools

- students have access to the GRP Story Teller which enables them to organize their reflections and propose a presentable version of their project to the shareholders. Students have also access to







GRP Lab where they can find documents, records and further information.

Application

Students, organised in groups, will have to work together on a fictional enterprise project (or not). They will present their business model in front of a jury made of teachers and professionals specializing in business creation.

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

• Verstraete Thierry (dir), Histoire d'entreprendre- les réalités de l'entrepreneuriat, Edition Management et Société, 2000.

•Fayolle Alain, Introduction à l'entrepreneuriat, Dunod, collection Topos, 2011.

### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT Proj(Sout)







EC : Cost Analysis and Ma	coeff : 0.24		
Teacher In Charge : Raffan	el C.		
CM : 20 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Cost analysis is a part of management, but requires knowledge of production processes.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- understand different methods of cost analysis
- be able to choose the appropriate one to help decision-making
- draw up budgets, calculate and analyse the gaps between realizations and budget estimates to correct decisions if necessary

### DESCRIPTION

PART I- COST ANALYSIS Cost analysis by product, activity, function or project... -full-cost analysis -direct costing analysis -cost-volume-profit

PART II- MANAGEMENT CONTROL -budgets by function -performance control -reporting panel

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

ALAZARD Claude, SEPARI Sabine "Contrôle de gestion, DCG 11, manuel et applications" 2013, éditions Expert Sup DUNOD

PREREQUISITE

Accountancy







ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







# **SPECIALITE EN**

1st Year - Semester 6 - EN													
UE Name	С	ode	EC Name			Hours	(h)					ECTS	/ Coef.
OE Name	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	ΤA	Proj.	ECTS UE	Coef. EC
		EE6ET1	Identification and Advanced Command		24	12	4	8	0	12	0		0.10
Energy and Transfer S6 EE6ET		EE6ET2	Safety	256	40	20	10	10	0	20	0		0.16
		EE6ET3	Industrial Electricity		28	14	8	6	0	14	0		0.11
	EE6ET	EE6ET4	Automation and Instrumentation		40	20	10	10	0	20	0	10	0.16
Energy and Transfer 36	EEOEI	EE6ET5	Heat Conduction II		32	16	6	10	0	16	0	10	0.13
		EE6ET6	Acoustics		32	16	8	8	0	16	0		0.13
		EE6ET7	Computer Aided Design		32	16	6	10	0	16	0		0.13
		EE6ET8	building thermal engineering		28	14	6	8	0	14	14		0.08
Total Spec EN				256		128	58	70		128	0	10	
Total TC + Spec EN				808		404						30	







### TEACHING UNIT (UE):

Energy and Transfer S6

ECTS : 10

Code UE : EE6ET

### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Understand both fundamental and technological aspects of instrumentation and metrology, encountered in thermal and energy engineering
- Control the selection and the use of actuators encountered in the speciality
- Understand the principles of advanced process control, control engineering, distributed control system and system identification encountered in the speciality
- Understand the basics of electric power industry
- Know the methods for the risk assessment related to the speciality
- Demonstrate skills in steady-state and non steady-state heat transfer by conduction
- Know the key concepts of mechanics of vibration and acoustic transmission
- Demonstrate the ability to understand, to analyse and to produce a technical drafting
- Be able to size and analyse an energy system, especially for the building sector

LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)







CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EE6ET1	Identification and Advanced	0.1	Proj(Rap,PA)
	Command		
EE6ET2	Safety	0.16	CC(EE, 2h)
EE6ET3	Industrial Electricity	0.11	CC(EE, 1h30')
EE6ET4	Automation and Instrumentation	0.16	CC(EE, 2h)
EE6ET5	Heat Conduction II	0.13	CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)
EE6ET6	Acoustics	0.13	CC(EE, 1h30, ca)
EE6ET7	Computer Aided Design	0.13	CC(EM,da)x1/3 +
			CC(EE,sd,st,sc,2h)x2/3
EE6ET8	building thermal engineering	0.08	Proj(Rap)







EC : Identification and Advanced Command EE6ET1			coeff : 0.1
Teacher In Charge : Bessiè	res D.		
CM : 4 h	TD : 8 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

The main objective is to give to the students the knowledge about identification and control of dynamic systems by using numerical tools..

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course the students should:

- Know how to identify process and tune PID controller
- Matlab and Simulink to simulate, and analyze the response of dynamic systems.
- Have basic knowledge of advanced control which allows discussions with control engineers.

### DESCRIPTION

- 1) Continuous-time model identification
- 2) Tuning PID controller
- 3) Simulation and Model-Based Design for dynamic systems

### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Régulation P.I.D. : analogique - numérique – floue, Daniel Lequesne, Hermes Science Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems ,Gene F. Franklin, J. Da Powell,Abbas Emami-Naeini Matlab/Simulink pour l'analyse et la commande de systemes, Yassine HADDAB, techniques de l'ingénieur.

### PREREQUISITE

Dynamic systems and control

#### ASSESSMENT

Proj(Rap,PA)







EC	: Safety		EE6ET2	coeff : 0.16
Tea	acher In Charge : Contai	nine F.		
CM	<b>1</b> : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

The objective of this course is to make students aware of safety. Having defined the notions of danger, risk, and gravity, this course approaches some statutory aspects. An inventory of fixtures obtained from a data bank of accidentology (BARPI) is then of use as introduction to the identification and to the evaluation of the chemical risks, then to the characterization of the effects due to the exposure in a poison gas (Lois de Haber), and finally, the evaluation of fire risks.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Notions of danger, risk
- Be aware of the main dangers
- Being capable of estimating the chemical risks, and of fire by using a method simplified by analysis of the risks

### DESCRIPTION

General concepts: hazard, risk, severity, probability Accidents and risk analysis

Examples of Mexico City Risk management elements Elements of regulation. Search for information on the dangers associated with a product (Etiquette, F.D.S) Toxicity

General elements indicators Health chemical risk assessment (INRS method) – calculation of a health score Haber's laws Notion of Probit Fire







General elements

Indicators, What is an ATEX? Chemical fire risk assessment (INRS method) – calculation of a fire outbreak score

### **RECOMMENDED READING**

André LAURENT, Sécurité des procédés - Connaissances de base et méthodes d'analyse des risques, 2ième Edition, Lavoisier, Ed.Tec & Doc, Collection Génie de Procédés de l'Ecole de Nancy, Paris, 2011.

Notes documentaires I.N.R.S (2233)

### PREREQUISITE

general scientific knowledge

### ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Industrial Electricity		EE6ET3	coeff : 0.11
Teacher In Charge : Subile			
CM : 8 h	TD : 6 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Nowadays, electrical energy is essential for the effective operation of industrial enterprises. The purpose of this course is giving the students some theoretical basis to understand electrical energy from its production to its use and make them aware of electrical risks.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Know electrical risks
- Know electrical energy distribution principles
- Know electronical conversion principles
- Be able to perform a first analysis of an electrical machine

### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Main industrial electricity principles
- 2 Electrical risks sensitivity
- 3 Three phase grids
- 4 Electronical power conversion
- 5 Reciprocating engines

### **RECOMMENDED READING**

G. SEGUIER Electricité industrielle 2ème édition, éditeur DUNOD

### PREREQUISITE

Basic electronical concepts

### ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 1h30')







EC : Automation and Instr	EE6I	ET4 coeff : 0.16	
Teacher In Charge : Duma			
CM : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP :	0 h Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

The objective of this course is to provide analysis and programming methods to drive industrial Control-Command systems (automation) and show the link between sensors and actuators. Analysis of Automation Systems or Computer Engineering systems is done with step- transition diagram or finite state machine and Petri net.

### LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Being able to perform the analysis of an industrial system and program control systems.
- Being able to choose an automation equipment.
- Recognize limits of control systems and Supervisory Control

### DESCRIPTION

### INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION: Chains measuring and control(sensor, conditioning, actuators)

Reminders on industrial sensors

Automation: Command Systems(PLC, PC, PAC) Monitoring, limitations OPC Standard , client-server concept SFC Analysis and standardized languages STANDARD 1131-3 Finite State Machine analysis Petri net

### **RECOMMENDED READING**

### PREREQUISITE







ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Heat Conduction II		EE6ET5	coeff : 0.13
Teacher In Charge : Casas			
CM : 6 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Conduction is one of the three modes of heat transfer. It is met in the large majority of the thermal systems. This part is the continuation of the course "Heat Conduction 1" where more complex problems closer to the industrial problems will be dealt with.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, the students must:

- Be able to judge importance of this mode of thermal transfer
- Be able to calculate exchanged heat
- Be able to deal with the principal problems of conduction in steady state and non stationary state.

### DESCRIPTION

Analytical study of the thermocinetic problems

- 1. Steady state
- Location and temperature dependent thermal conductivity.
- Effect of internal energy generation
- Fins
- Multidirectional problems
  - 2. Non steady state
- Lumped Thermal Capacity Model (thin body)
- Studies of the thick bodies (various methods of resolution)

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Boundary Value Problems of Heat Conduction. M.N. OZISIK (Dover Publications)







Heat Transfer Handbook. A Bejan, A.D. Kraus (John Wiley & Sons)

**PREREQUISITE** Conduction I (EC15TM2)

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h, sd, ca)







EC :	: Acoustics		EE6ET6	coeff : 0.13
Teac	cher In Charge : Ducou			
СМ	: 8 h	TD : 8 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

The Engineer in Energetics often has to install very different equipments – heater, ACV or air conditioning- that may have strong acoustic effects on the surrounding environment. Even if the engineer is not an acoustician, he/she has to know the fundamentals of acoustics to consider it in his studies.

### LEARNING OUTCOMES

After this course, students should be able to describe mathematically and physically a sound. They may analyze its spectrum, estimate the noise rating associated and propose, if necessary, some improvements. He/she will have the main notions regarding acoustic correction and insulation.

### DESCRIPTION

Introduction I.Acoustic wave physical characteristics Definition – Sound wave characteristics – II.Measure and perception of sounds Basic indicators (sound levels and filters) – Loudness curves III. Applied acoustics to the building sector Insulation and correction IV. European regulations Conclusion

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Acoustique Générale, Potel C. & Bruneau M., 2006, Ellipses. Acoustique Appliquée, Val M., 2002, Dunod. Impacts sanitaires du bruit, état des lieux et indicateurs bruit-santé. Agence Française de Sécurité Sanitaire Environnementale (2004)

Normes Française : NF EN 12354-1, NF EN 12354-2, NF EN 12354-3

### PREREQUISITE

Conduction I (EC15TM2)

ASSESSMENT







CC(EE, 1h30, ca)







EC : Computer Aided Design			EE6ET7	coeff : 0.13
Teacher In Charge : Gibou				
CM : 6 h	TD : 10 h		TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

This module provides students with the basic techniques of graphic representation through the use of AutoCAD.

Materials Resistance concepts are also introduced.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, students should be able to:

- Read, analyze and understand technical drawings
- Produce an unambiguous technical drawing
- Use the key functions of AutoCAD
- Analyze and predict the deformation and stress limits of mechanical parts subject to constraints

### DESCRIPTION

Technical Drawing

- Presentation Standards
- Different types of views, sections and cuts
- Quotation
- Representation of common elements (threads, ...)
- Presentation of AutoCAD

**Resistance of Materials** 

- Assumptions and fundamental laws
- Tension / Compression
- Shear
- Twist







### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Guide du dessinateur industriel : pour maîtriser la communication technique, Chevalier Andre (Hachette Supérieur)

### PREREQUISITE

ASSESSMENT CC(EM,da)x1/3 + CC(EE,sd,st,sc,2h)x2/3







EC : building thermal engin	EE6ET8	coeff : 0.08	
Teacher In Charge : Kousk			
CM : 6 h	TD : 8 h	TP : 0 h	Proj: 14 h
			Language Français

Building are responsible for about 40% of energy consumption in France and of 20% of CO2 emissions. The new thermal regulations impose the improvement of the energy performance of new buildings by reducing their consumption by 40% in 2020.

The search for the optimum energy also requires a better integration of a building in its environment and in particular the optimal use of free gains, such as solar radiation. A dwelling must now be seen as a complex and dynamic energy system, which must be energy efficient, have little impact on the environment ... and ensure the comfort of its occupants!

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

At the end of this module, students should be able to:

- Understand the terminology of the field of construction;
- Define the concept of thermal comfort and understand its implications in the constructive elements
- Know and identify the physical laws governing the relationship of a building with its environment
- Understand the thermal behavior of the envelopes

### DESCRIPTION

•Needs of occupants. Concept of thermal comfort

- •Building structure
- •Thermal behavior of the building envelopes
- •Heat balance of the building

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

**PREREQUISITE** All lessons in heat transfer







ASSESSMENT Proj(Rap)







# **SPECIALITE GP**

1st Year - Semester 6 - GP													
UE Name	С	ode	EC Name			Hours	• •					ECTS / Coef.	
OE Name	UE	EC	EC Name To	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	ΤA	Proj.	ECTS UE	Coef. EC
		EP6CR1	Sensors in Solution		48	24	12	12	0	24	0		0.19
Chemistry and Reactor S6 E		EP6CR2	Macromolecular Organic Chemistry		56	28	10	6	12	28	0		0.21
	EP6CR	EP6CR3	Organic Chemistry	260	48	24	12	12	0	24	0	10	0.19
		EP6CR4	Chemical Kinetics		60	30	12	18	0	30	0		0.22
		EP6CR5	Chemical Reaction Engineering		48	24	12	12	0	24	0		0.19
Total Spec GP				260		130	58	60	12	130		10	
Total TC + Spec GP				812		406						30	







### TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Chemistry and Reactor S6

ECTS : 10

Code UE : EP6CR

### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Understand the physicochemical reactions in solution (acid/base, redox potential, etc.)
- Understand the main reaction mechanisms in organic chemistry and polymer chemistry
- Identify the simple reaction kinetics
- Demonstrate the ability to perform mass and energy balances on ideal reactors and whole processes (systems)

### LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EP6CR1	Sensors in Solution	0.19	CC(EE, 2h)
EP6CR2	Macromolecular Organic Chem-	0.21	CC(EE, 2h)x8/10 + TP(Tr,
	istry		Rap)x2/10
EP6CR3	Organic Chemistry	0.19	CC(EE, 1h30')
EP6CR4	Chemical Kinetics	0.22	CC(EE, 2H)
EP6CR5	Chemical Reaction Engineering	0.19	CC(EE, 45 min)x0,35 + CC(EE,
			da, 1h15)x0,65







EC : Sensors in Solution		EI	P6CR1	coeff : 0.19
Teacher In Charge : Authi				
CM : 12 h	TD : 12 h	TI	P:0h	Proj : 0 h
				Language Français

The aim of this course is to give to the students the tools allowing the assessment of the chemical reactions and species occurring in solutions

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

A l'issue de ce module, l'étudiant sera capable de :

- know the chemical processes occurring in solutions,
- measure and monitor the chemical composition in solutions by using electrochemical sensors,
- identify the convenient sensor according to the measurement required.

#### DESCRIPTION

1-Chemistry in solution: acido-basic, redox, complexation and precipitation reactions
2-non-specific sensor with current : measurement of the resistance in solution
3-specific sensor with no current : electrodes of 1st, 2nd and 3rd species ; electrode with monocristal, solid or liquid membrane, soluble gas; crown ether- based PVC electrode ; biosensor.

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Miomandre, Electrochimie, des concepts aux applications, 3ème edn, DUNOD

#### PREREQUISITE

Basic level of chemistry of solutions

## ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Macromolecular Organic Chemistry EP6CR2				coeff : 0.21
Teacher In Charge : Bousq				
CM : 10 h	TD : 6 h	T	P : 12 h	Proj:0h
			]	Language Français

This course offers overview of polymer science, from the basic definitions, macromolecular properties, thermomechanical properties to the design techniques for synthetic polymers.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- To get a fundamental knowledge of what a polymer is
- To know the molecular characteristics of polymeric chains
- To develop a general idea of the use and production of usual polymers
- To understand synthesis mechanisms of common polymer

#### DESCRIPTION

This course offers and overview of polymer science, from the basic definitions, macromolecular properties, thermomechanical properties to the design techniques for synthetic polymers. Microarchitecture knowledge includes tacticity, molecular-weight distribution, sequence distributions in copolymers, errors in chains such as branches, head-to- head addition ect...

Studies synthesis of polymeric materials, emphasizing interrelationships of chemical pathways, process conditions, and microarchitecture of molecules produced.

Chemical pathways include traditional approaches such as radical polymerization, and step- growth polycondensation.

Process conditions include bulk, solution, emulsion, suspension, gas phase, and batch vs. continuous fluidized bed.

Experiments in this class are broadly aimed at acquainting students with the range of properties of polymers, methods of synthesis, and physical chemistry. Some examples of laboratory work include solution polymerization of acrylamide, physical and chemical gels, viscosimetry analysis.

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chimie et physico-chimie des polymères – Michel Fontanille (Dunod)







**PREREQUISITE** Basic Organic Chemistry

# ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)x8/10 + TP(Tr, Rap)x2/10







EC : Organic Chemistry		EP6CR3	coeff : 0.19
Teacher In Charge : Sotiro	poulos JM		
CM : 12 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Basic knowledge and concept in organic and macromolecular chemistry regarding its applications in the following domains: industrial organic chemistry (plastic matters, elastomer, resins, ...).

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course, students should understand and be able to explain the mechanism of few chemical reactions for each main family of organic and macromolecular compounds.

#### DESCRIPTION

- the reaction in organic chemistry
- aliphatics hydrocarbons
- aromatics hydrocarbons
- alkyl halides and Grignard compounds
- alcohols and phenols (C-O-H group)
- carbonyl compounds (carbon-oxygen double bond C=O)
- carboxylic acids and derivated (for example : few polymer synthesis)

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chimie organique, cours - Paul Arnaud (Dunod) Chimie Organique, Les grands principes - John McMurry (Dunod)

#### PREREQUISITE

General chemistry (basic organic chemistry)

#### ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 1h30')







EC : Chemical Kin	netics	EP6CR4	coeff : 0.22
Teacher In Charge	: Olivier J.		
CM : 12 h	TD : 18 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The goal of chemical kinetics is to study the rate at which a chemical reaction advances with respect to time. Indeed, a chemical reaction needs time to proceed. This aspect is of particular importance for the design of chemical reactor. The quicker the rate of reaction is the smaller is the size of the reactor where it has to be carried out. Hence this lecture develops this particular field and gives insights into the formalism on which rate of reaction should be taken into account.

LEARNING OUTCOMES After this course, students should:

- Etre capable de déterminer l'ordre et la constante de vitesse d'une réaction simple ou complexe compte tenu de relevés expérimentaux.
- Etre capable d'appliquer leurs connaissances au dimensionnement de réacteurs industriels

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I: Rate of chemical reaction

The definition of the rate of chemical reaction is given in this part. Mass balances are then derived on the Completely Stirred Tank Reactor and on the Plug Flow Reactor

Part II: Homogeneous kinetics. Closed systems at constant volume

This is the main part of the lecture. The mass balance is derived on a batch and completely stirred tank reactor. This law is integrated for reaction rate at order 0, 1 and 2. Concepts such as half time reaction, Arrhenius law, simple reactions, equilibrium, competitive reactions and chain reactions are developed inside this part.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

- J. Villermaux, Génie de la reaction chimique.
- B. Frémaux, Eléments de cinétique et de catalyse, Tec & Doc, 1989

#### PREREQUISITE

Introduction aux phénomènes de transport Chimie générale







Introduction au génie des procédés Résolution d'équations différentielles

ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2H)







EC : Chemical Reaction En	ngineering	EP6CF	coeff : 0.19
Teacher In Charge : Merca			
CM : 12 h	TD : 12 h	TP : 0	h Proj : 0 h
			Language Français

As each chemical plant contains one (or more) reactor, chemical reaction engineering tries to determine the influence of the reactor design and operating conditions on the products of the reaction. This course concerns simple reactor design calculations for ideal reactors.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

At the end of the courses of chemical reaction engineering students will be able to build mass and thermal balance in idealistic reactors (plug flow and completely stirred tank reactor). These balances must be written easily in ordinary conditions but also could be written when the volumetric flow rate changes into the reactor or in case of equilibrate reactions and for several re-

actions occurring at the same time.

#### DESCRIPTION

Part I: Material balance in ideal reactors for a single reaction Ideal batch reactor Steady state mixed flow reactor Steady state plug flow reactor

Part II: Multiple reactions Irreversible series/parallel reactions Conversion, selectivity, yields

Part III: Thermal behaviour of ideal reactors Reversible reactions Optimal temperature progression Energy balance in a continuous stirred tank reactor, in a plug flow reactor, in a batch reactor Adiabatic reactor Reactor's runaway Data for thermal exchange in industrial reactors







#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Schweich D., Génie de la réaction chimique, Lavoisier, technique et documentation, 2001 Villermaux J., Génie de la réaction chimique - Conception et fonctionnement des réacteurs, Tech et Doc, 1993 (2ème édition)

Euzen J.P., P. Trambouze , J.P. Wauquier, Méthodologie pour l'extrapolation des procédés chimiques, éditions Technip, 1993

Trambouze P., H. Van Landeghem, J.P. Wauquier, Les réacteurs chimiques (conception, calcul, mise en œuvre), Technip, 1984

Levenspiel O., Chemical Reaction Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, 1999 (third edition)

PREREQUISITE

Kinetics

ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 45 min)x0,35 + CC(EE, da, 1h15)x0,65







# **SPECIALITE GEII**

1st Year - Semester 6 - GEII													
	С	ode	50.11			Hours	(h)					ECTS / Coef.	
UE Name	UE	EC	EC Name	Tot UE	Tot EC	Tot Prés.	СМ	TD	TP	ΤA	Proj.	ECTSUE	Coef. EC
Apprenticeship S6	EG6AP	EG6AP1	Skills developed in the company	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	0.70
Apprenticeship 30	LOUAF	EG6AP2	Company assignements	Ŭ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	'	0.30
Languages for the engineer	EG6LA	EG6LA1	Anglais	88	48	24	0	24	0	24	0	3	0.54
S6	EGOLA	EG6LA2	Langue 2 (Espagnol ou Allemand) 40	20	0	20	0	20	0	,	0.46		
Former discharter FOCE		EE6ET1	Identification and advanced control		24	12	4	8	0	12	0		0.19
	EG6EI	EG6EI2	Security	132	40	20	10	10	0	20	0	5	0.30
Energy and industry	EGOEI	EE6ET3	Industrial electricity	132	28	14	8	6	0	14	0	5	0.21
		EE6ET4	Automation and instrumentation		40	20	10	10	0	20	0		0.30
		EG6EE1	Electrical design tools		60	30	14	16	0	30	0		0.27
Electrical energy and	EG6EE	EG6EE2	Control -Command 2	225	52	32	6	10	16	20	0	8	0.23
control command S6	EGOEE	EG6EE3	Transformers and Electrical Machines	225	85	50	14	16	20	35	0	ð	0.38
		EG6EE4	Industrial electrical devices		28	4	0	4	0	24	20		0.12
Total Spec GEII				445		226	66	124	36	219	25	23	
Total TC + Spé GEII				625		316						30	







# TEACHING UNIT (UE):

Apprenticeship S6

ECTS: 7

Code UE : EG6AP

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Specify industrial manufactured devices involving electrical engineering and industrial computing, on the basis of established and anticipated needs, in order to establish essential design requirements.
- Understand the general operation of electrical energy supply or conversion equipment, in order to determine the constraints of service continuity and safety.
- Document the study and design of the equipment concerned in order to explain its operation, monitor its implementation or arrange for its maintenance.
- Understand the general operation of potentially high-voltage supervised electrical engineering systems in order to understand their operating and safety constraints.
- Know and understand a complex and interdisciplinary scientific and technical field of specialisation in order to interface between the different partners by communicating on the progress of the work/project with both internal and company partners.
- Understand how to work in an international context, by mastering one or more foreign languages, by being culturally open, by taking into account all the constraints (managerial, environmental, HR, CSR.) in order to favour synergy within the team.
- Mastering communication techniques adapted to the situation and the people involved in order to lead the development of a project in accordance with the company's strategy.
- Leading a multicultural team by adapting to the constraints and specificities of each person, taking into account the cultural mix in its interactions, using adapted communication tools and methods, in order to establish an environment conducive to the success of the project in compliance with regulations, ethics, safety and health.

LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)







CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG6AP1	Skills developed in the company	0.7	EvalC (entreprise)*0.6 + PA (en-
			treprise)*0.4
EG6AP2	Company assignements	0.3	EvalC (Rap*0.5 + sout*0.5)







	EC : Skills developed in the	e company	EG6AP1	coeff : 0.7	
Teacher In Charge : Pécastaing L.					
	CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 5 h	
				Language Français	

During this second period of twenty weeks in a company, including a long period of twelve weeks, the apprentice will be confronted with a potentially multidisciplinary project that he will be able to organise and structure. He will also identify the Corporate Social Responsability (CSR) approach of his host company.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

- To know and understand a complex and interdisciplinary scientific and technical field of specialisation in order to ensure the interface between the different partners by communicating on the progress of the work/project with both internal and external partners.
- Understand how to work in an international context, by mastering one or more foreign languages, by being culturally open, by taking into account all the constraints (managerial, environmental, etc.) in order to favour synergy within the team.
- Mastering communication techniques adapted to the situation and the people involved in order to lead the development of a project in accordance with the company's strategy.
- Leading a multicultural team by adapting to the constraints and specificities of each person, taking into account the cultural mix in its interactions, using adapted communication tools and methods, in order to establish an environment conducive to the success of the project in compliance with regulations, ethics, safety and health.

#### CONTENT

The activities developed in this EC are established according to the specific needs of the company and in order to complete the targeted skills.

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITES







# **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

EvalC (entreprise)\*0.6 + PA (entreprise)\*0.4







EC : Company assignement	ts	EG6AP2	coeff : 0.3
Teacher In Charge : Pécast			
CM : 0 h	TD : 0 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

During this second period of twenty weeks in the company, including a long period of twelve weeks, the apprentice will again be confronted with the notions of expression of needs and specifications and will have written his first reports related to his activities. He will be able to learn new scientific and technical fields, including multidisciplinary ones.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

- Specify industrial manufactured devices involving electrical engineering and industrial computing, on the basis of established and anticipated needs, in order to establish essential design requirements.
- Understand the general operation of electrical energy supply or conversion equipment, in order to determine the constraints of service continuity and safety.
- Document the study and design of the equipment concerned in order to explain its operation, monitor its implementation or arrange for its maintenance.
- Understand the general operation of potentially high-voltage supervised electrical engineering systems in order to understand their operating and safety constraints.

#### CONTENT

Based on a report of the year's activities, this document enables you to judge the level of acquisition of skills. It is based on your self-assessment in relation to the diploma's reference framework of skills. It is then supported orally.

It is not a simple activity report.

A report of about fifteen pages of information, excluding table of contents, appendices, etc. From the introduction to the conclusion.

Check with your Company Tutor that there is no confidential information in your report before submitting it to the LEA.







# RESSOURCES

# PREREQUISITES

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** EvalC (Rap\*0.5 + sout\*0.5)







# TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Languages for the engineer S6

ECTS:3

Code UE : EG6LA

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Demonstrate the ability to communicate in English (B2 Level)
- Demonstrate the basic knowledge of a second language
- Know the professional environment and understand the business organisation
- Understand the basics of management control system and cost analysis
- Understand the basics of entrepreneurship

# LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG6LA1	Anglais	0.54	IntO(PA)x1/7 +
			Cert(TOEIC1)x2/7 +
			Cert(TOEIC2)x2/7 + ExE(EE,
			1h30)x2/7
EG6LA2	Langue 2 (Espagnol ou Alle- mand)	0.46	CoOx1/5 + ExOx1/5 + IntOx1/5 + CoEx1/5 + ExEx1/5







EC : Anglais		EG6LA1	coeff : 0.54
Teacher In Charge : Grenie	rr A-C.		
CM : 0 h	TD : 24 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Anglais

The focus of this class is to strengthen the English skills to successfully pass the official TOEIC (Listening and Reading) Test of English for International Communication.

The TOEIC is correlated to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).

#### TARGET SKILLS

The student improves the technical skills and methodology required for the TOEIC test along with the acquisition of the specific vocabulary in order to pass the TOEIC with the highest score.

#### DESCRIPTION

The course is based on Business English and covers vocabulary and grammar useful for the business environment.

Reading, listening and speaking skills are improved through the study of authentic documents. Specific intensive training for the TOEIC test as well as mock exams.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Pearson: Tests complets pour le TOEIC, 6ème edition, 2018 Hachette: La BIBLE officielle du test TOEIC, 2018 Hachette: Les tests TOEIC officiels corrigés, 2018

#### REQUIREMENTS

Niveaux intermédiaire à avancé (A1 à C2)

#### ASSESSMENT

IntO(PA)x1/7 + Cert(TOEIC1)x2/7 + Cert(TOEIC2)x2/7 + ExE(EE, 1h30)x2/7







EC : Langue 2 (Espagnol ou Allen	nand)	EG6LA2	coeff : 0.46		
Teacher In Charge : Armenta A., Cobos A., Perez Olivia I. / K. Hahn					
CM:0h TD:2	20 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h		
Language Espagnol/Allemand					

El objetivo es mejorar y consolidar las diferentes competencias definidas por el Marco común europeo de referencia para las lenguas.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Spanish

Nivel A1 o Acceso : Es capaz de comprender y utilizar expresiones cotidianas de uso muy frecuente así como frases sencillas destinadas a satisfacer necesidades de tipo inmediato. Puede presentarse a sí mismo y a otros, pedir y dar información personal básica sobre su domicilio, sus pertenencias y las personas que conoce. Puede relacionarse de forma elemental siempre que su interlocutor hable despacio y con claridad y esté dispuesto a cooperar.

Nivel A2 o Plataforma: Es capaz de comprender frases y expresiones de uso frecuente relacionadas con áreas de experiencia que le son especialmente relevantes (información básica sobre sí mismo y su familia, compras, lugares de interés, ocupaciones, etc). Sabe comunicarse a la hora de llevar a cabo tareas simples y cotidianas que no requieran más que intercambios sencillos y directos de información sobre cuestiones que le son conocidas o habituales. Sabe describir en términos sencillos aspectos de su pasado y su entorno así como cuestiones relacionadas con sus necesidades inmediatas.

Nivel B1 o Intermedio: Es capaz de comprender los puntos principales de textos claros y en lengua estándar si tratan sobre cuestiones que le son conocidas, ya sea en situaciones de trabajo, de estudio o de ocio. Sabe desenvolverse en la mayor parte de las situaciones que pueden surgir durante un viaje por zonas donde se utiliza la lengua. Es capaz de producir textos sencillos y coherentes sobre temas que le son familiares o en los que tiene un interés personal. Puede describir experiencias, acontecimientos, deseos y aspiraciones, así como justificar brevemente sus opiniones o explicar sus planes.

Nivel B2 o Intermedio alto: Es capaz de entender las ideas principales de textos complejos







que traten de temas tanto concretos como abstractos, incluso si son de carácter técnico siempre que estén dentro de su campo de especialización. Puede relacionarse con hablantes nativos con un grado suficiente de fluidez y naturalidad de modo que la comunicación se realice sin esfuerzo por parte de ninguno de los interlocutores. Puede producir textos claros y detallados sobre temas diversos así como defender un punto de vista sobre temas generales indicando los pros y los contras de las distintas opciones.

Nivel C1 o Dominio operative eficaz: Es capaz de comprender una amplia variedad de textos extensos y con cierto nivel de exigencia, así como reconocer en ellos sentidos implícitos. Sabe expresarse de forma fluida y espontánea sin muestras muy evidentes de esfuerzo para encontrar la expresión adecuada. Puede hacer un uso flexible y efectivo del idioma para fines sociales, académicos y profesionales. Puede producir textos claros, bien estructurados y detallados sobre temas de cierta complejidad, mostrando un uso correcto de los mecanismos de organización, articulación y cohesión del texto.

#### German

Einen Lebenslauf und ein Bewerbungsschreiben verfassen, sich Information über Jobangebote und Wohnungsmöglichkeiten verschaffen, an einem Gespräch über allgemeine Themen teilnehmen.

#### DESCRIPTION

#### Spanish

Variable en función del nivel.

Documentos auténticos de la vida cotidiana y de especialidad.

Documentos audio y video con trabajo de comprensión oral acompañdos de parrillas de comprensión.

Comunicación interna y externa. Interculturalidad.

Escritos profesionales (carta de presentación, CV, noticias, correos, documentos técnicos, informes...) Trabajo en la red: www.ver-taal.com comprensión oral de reportajes, fragmentos de informaciones televisivas, enriquecimiento del vocabulario

Búsquedas sobre España y América Latina

Búsquedas sobre empresas españolas y latinoamericanas.

#### German

Grammatische Wiederholungen der wichtigsten Strukturen, spezifischer Wortschatz (Job – und Wohnungssuche), allgemeiner Wortschatz, Lese-und Hörverständnis (Artikel, Video..)

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### Spanish

Documentos proporcionados por las profesoras en función del nivel.







Mundo laboral :http://www.oficinaempleo.com/content/manualcv1.html TV : http://www.rtve.es/ Prensa: http://elpais.com/ Español : www.ver-taal.com Plateforma Chamilo de l'UPPA.

# German

Site internet de la Deutsche Welle : www.fluter.de

#### PREREQUISITE

Spanish

Ninguno para el grupo 1, nivel A2:B1 para el grupo 2, nivel B1/B2 para el grupo 3

**German** 5 Jahre Deutsch (9. bis 13. Klasse)

**ASSESSMENT** CoOx1/5 + ExOx1/5 + IntOx1/5 + CoEx1/5 + ExEx1/5







# TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Energy and industry

ECTS : 5

Code UE : EG6EI

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Master the fundamental and technological aspects of instrumentation and metrology encountered in thermal and energetic
- Master the choice, the use of actuators encountered in the specialty
- Master the advanced principles of regulation, control, command and identification encountered in the specialty
- Know the basic elements of industrial electricity
- Know the risk analysis methods related to the specialty
- Control heat transfer by conduction, both steady-state and unsteady
- Know how to understand, analyze and produce a technical drawing
- Be able to size and analyze an energy system, especially for the building sector

#### LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EE6ET1	Identification and advanced con-	0.19	Proj(Rap,PA)
	trol		
EG6EI2	Security	0.3	CC(EE, 2h)
EE6ET3	Industrial electricity	0.21	CC(EE, 1h30')
EE6ET4	Automation and instrumentation	0.3	CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Identification and adv	anced control	E	E6ET1	coeff : 0.19
Teacher In Charge : Bessiè				
CM : 4 h	TD : 8 h	Т	P : 0 h	Proj : 0 h
				Language Français

The main objective is to give to the students the knowledge about identification and control of dynamic systems by using numerical tools..

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

After this course the students should:

- Know how to identify process and tune PID controller
- Matlab and Simulink to simulate, and analyze the response of dynamic systems.
- Have basic knowledge of advanced control which allows discussions with control engineers.

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1) Continuous-time model identification
- 2) Tuning PID controller
- 3) Simulation and Model-Based Design for dynamic systems

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

Régulation P.I.D. : analogique - numérique – floue, Daniel Lequesne, Hermes Science Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems ,Gene F. Franklin, J. Da Powell,Abbas Emami-Naeini Matlab/Simulink pour l'analyse et la commande de systemes, Yassine HADDAB, techniques de l'ingénieur.

#### PREREQUISITE

Dynamic systems and control

#### ASSESSMENT

Proj(Rap,PA)







EC : Security		EG6EI2	coeff : 0.3
Teacher In Charge : Finest	re V. (APAVE)		
CM : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective of this training is to make students aware of electrical safety aspects. After defining the concepts of danger, risk, and severity, this course addresses the regulatory aspects.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

- The primary goal is to provide students with an electrical accreditation. It is about teaching them to work safely on or near electrical installations for their safety but also that of others.
- ELB090 Initial electrical accreditation : "electrician" BT

#### CONTENT

General concepts: hazard, risk, severity, probability Accidents and risk analysis Elements of regulation

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITE

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** CC(EE, 2h)







EC : Industrial electricity		EE6ET3	coeff : 0.21
Teacher In Charge : Subile	au R.		
CM : 8 h	TD : 6 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

Nowadays, electrical energy is essential for the effective operation of industrial enterprises. The purpose of this course is giving the students some theoretical basis to understand electrical energy from its production to its use and make them aware of electrical risks.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Know electrical risks
- Know electrical energy distribution principles
- Know electronical conversion principles
- Be able to perform a first analysis of an electrical machine

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Main industrial electricity principles
- 2 Electrical risks sensitivity
- 3 Three phase grids
- 4 Electronical power conversion
- 5 Reciprocating engines

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

G. SEGUIER Electricité industrielle 2ème édition, éditeur DUNOD

#### PREREQUISITE

Basic electronical concepts

#### ASSESSMENT

CC(EE, 1h30')







EC : Automation and instru	umentation	EE	6ET4	coeff : 0.3
Teacher In Charge : Duma	s P.			
CM : 10 h	TD : 10 h	TP	: 0 h	Proj:0h
			I	Language Français

The objective of this course is to provide analysis and programming methods to drive industrial Control-Command systems (automation) and show the link between sensors and actuators. Analysis of Automation Systems or Computer Engineering systems is done with step- transition diagram or finite state machine and Petri net.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Being able to perform the analysis of an industrial system and program control systems.
- Being able to choose an automation equipment.
- Recognize limits of control systems and Supervisory Control

#### DESCRIPTION

#### INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION: Chains measuring and control(sensor, conditioning, actuators)

Reminders on industrial sensors

Automation: Command Systems(PLC, PC, PAC) Monitoring, limitations OPC Standard , client-server concept SFC Analysis and standardized languages STANDARD 1131-3 Finite State Machine analysis Petri net

#### **RECOMMENDED READING**

PREREQUISITE







ASSESSMENT CC(EE, 2h)







#### TEACHING UNIT (UE) :

Electrical energy and control command S6

ECTS:8

Code UE : EG6EE

#### SKILLS COVERED BY THE UE :

- Master different simulation software in Electrical Engineering.
- Master simulation tools.
- Know the basics of advanced control techniques.
- Acquire both theoretical and practical understanding of transformers and rotating machines in order to enable their implementation.
- Identify the constraints related to the choice and implementation of a single-phase or three-phase transformer.
- Develop practical implementation capabilities vis-à-vis the main electrical machines: DC, synchronous and asynchronous machines
- Be able to analyze complex industrial electrical devices and understand the technological choices that led to their development.

# LIST OF COMPONENT ELEMENTS (EC) CONSTITUTING THE TEACHING UNIT (UE)

CODE EC	INTILTLED EC	COEF	EVALUATION
EG6EE1	Electrical design tools	0.27	Proj(Rap*0.5) +
			CC(EM,1h30)*0.5
EG6EE2	Control -Command 2	0.23	CC(EE, 1h30)*0.7+CC(CR)*0.3
EG6EE3	Transformers and Electrical Ma-	Transformers and Electrical Ma- 0.38 CC (	
	chines		1h30)*0.3 + TP (CR)*0.2 + TP
			(EM, 2h)*0.2
EG6EE4	Industrial electrical devices	0.12	Proj(Rap)x0,5 + Proj(Or)x0,5







EC:	Electrical design tools	;	EG6EE1	coeff : 0.27
Teach	ner In Charge : Reess	T., Dumas P.		
CM :	14 h	TD : 16 h	TP : 0 h	Proj:0h
				Language Français

The objective of this UE is to demonstrate to students the interest of software simulation in electronics and instrumentation. Two software programs are presented: Pspice, and Labview.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

• Master different simulation software in Electrical Engineering

# CONTENT

1. Introduction to Labview programming and design of distributed test, measurement, and control systems using DAQmx and DAQmx

2. Presentation of the software simulation of electronic circuits under PSpice: application to analog electronics problems (assemblies with operational amplifiers and transistors)

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITE

**EVALUATION PROCEDURES** Proj(Rap\*0.5) + CC(EM,1h30)\*0.5







EC : Control -Command 2		EG6EE2	coeff : 0.23
Teacher In Charge : Bessières D.			
CM : 6 h	TD : 10 h	TP : 16 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective is to provide students with the basics of advanced control, knowledge of the working methods of automation engineers in an industrial environment as well as the importance of simulation methods.

### TARGETED SKILLS

- Master simulation tools.
- Know the basics of advanced control techniques

#### CONTENT

1. Deepening of linear automation: stability and correction of enslaved linear systems

2. State representation of continuous time systems: Introduction, Notion of control by state return, observer

3. Modeling and simulation of control systems

#### RESSOURCES

PREREQUISITE EC16MI3 Contrôle-commande EVALUATION PROCEDURES CC(EE, 1h30)\*0.7+CC(CR)\*0.3







EC : Transformers and Electrical Machines		EG6EE3	coeff : 0.38
Teacher In Charge : Ruscassié R.			
CM : 14 h	TD : 16 h	TP : 20 h	Proj:0h
			Language Français

The objective of this CE is to provide students with knowledge and know-how on electrotechnical systems by developing the different principles of implementation associated with transformers at first, then rotating machines in a second time. Particular emphasis will be placed on the constitution and industrial applications of these electrotechnical systems.

This CE will conclude with a series of practical works allowing the wiring and the realization of measurements on transformers and rotating machines in effective operation.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

- Acquire both theoretical and practical understanding of transformers and rotating machines in order to enable their implementation.
- Identify the constraints related to the choice and implementation of a single-phase or three-phase transformer.
- Develop practical implementation capabilities vis-à-vis the main electrical machines: DC, synchronous and asynchronous machines

#### CONTENU

- 1. Principles of electrical engineering (recalls)
- 2. Magnetic torus and single-phase transformer
- 3. Three-phase transformers & applications
- 4. Principles of electromechanics: General and classification of electromechanical converters
- 5. Direct Current Machines (DCMs): Different Types of MCCs, Constitution & Applications

6. Alternative machines: Synchronous Machine (MS), Asynchronous Machine (MAs), Constitution & Applications

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITE

EC Electromagnétisme & EC Electricité industrielle







# **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + CC (EE, 1h30)\*0.3 + TP (CR)\*0.2 + TP (EM, 2h)\*0.2







EC : Industrial electrical devices		EG6EE4	coeff : 0.12
Teacher In Charge : Ruscassié R.			
CM : 0 h	TD : 4 h	TP : 0 h	Proj : 20 h
			Language Français

This project-based learning cae allows students to leverage the knowledge they have gained about transformers and electrical machines as part of the in-depth analysis of complex industrial electrical devices.

#### TARGETED SKILLS

• Be able to analyze complex industrial electrical devices and understand the technological choices that led to their development.

#### CONTENT

As part of a case study carried out in pairs, students will have to analyze complex industrial electrical devices involving transformers and / or electrical machines and their associated surrounding systems (protections, control command, .).

These devices will have to be analyzed in detail in order to identify their technical characteristics and specificities, but also to understand the reason for the technological choices that led to the development of the device in its final form.

A report and a presentation will summarize the analysis carried out as part of this project-based learning.

#### RESSOURCES

#### PREREQUISITE

EC Electrical transformers and machinery

#### **EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

Proj(Rap)x0,5 + Proj(Or)x0,5